

Refrigerated Showcase 6040 SERIES



Mail: PO Box 116, Greensboro, NC 27301 Street: 555 Birch Creek Rd, Greensboro, NC 27301 Phone: 336-856-2919

Fax:336-217-8838

Email: sales@AdvancedGourmet.com Web: www.AdvancedGourmet.com







1. INTRODUCTION

PRESENTATION

Dear Client.

Ciam S.p.A. is pleased to number you among its customers and relies the bought machine will match your expectation. In order to get the best performances of the machine, we recommend you to follow all suggestions and instructions, which are included in this manual.

1.2. HOW TO USE THE MACHINE

PERMITTED USES

This refrigerated display cabinet has been manufactured for pastry products presentation and sell.

NOT PERMITTED USES

It is absolutely forbidden the use of the refrigerated display cabinet for **pharmaceutical products**.

1.3. RESPECTED NORMS

The refrigerated display cabinet has been manufactured in respect of the safety issues relevant to the following norm:

Directive N° 2006/95/CE : Low tension

Directive N° 2004/108/CE : Electro-magnetic Compatibility Directive N° 97/23/EC (P.E.D.) : European Pressure Equipment Norm CEI 17-13/1 (EN 60439/1) : Realization of Electric Installations

Norm CEI EN 60335-1 (CEI 61-150) : Safety of household and similar electrical appliances Norm CEI EN 60335-2-24 (CEI 61-56) : Special norms for refrigerators, freezers and ice machines

1.4. RESPONSIBILITY

Ciam declines any responsibility relevant to damages on persons, animals and/or products in case of:

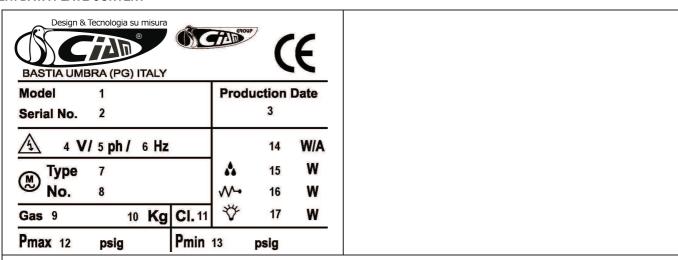
- No respect of in force norms
- Installation, which is not conform to the instructions manual
- No observance of all maintenance operations, which are suggested in this manual
- No previously agreed change operations with the manufacturer
- No proper use of the refrigerated display cabinet, for which the machine has been produced.

1.5. WARNING

Anytime Ciam reserves the right to up-date the content of this manual and/or to modify the product in order to improve its quality and performance, without any previous notice and/or communication.

2. DISPLAY CASE DATA PLATE

2.1. DATA PLATE CONTENT



- Commercial name of the unit
- 2 Identification number
- 3. Production date 4.
- Voltage 5. Phases
- 6. Frequency
- 7. Compressor type
- 8. Number of compressor
- 9 Refrigerant type

- 10. Refrigerant weight
- Climatic rate (Cl.3 = +25°C/60% U.R.; Cl. 4 = +30°C/55% U.R.) 11.
- Test pressure system high pressure side 12.
- 13. Test pressure - system low pressure side
- Nominal power/current absorbed during defrost 14
- 15 Max. power absorbed during defrost
- Nominal power absorbed by heating elements (only if higher than 100W)
- Lighting nominal power



3. INSTALLATION

3.1. MACHINE HANDLING

- The chocolate display cabinet handling, from the truck to the final place, has to be made by any truck-lift, which is proper to its weight. The display cabinet shall be always balanced in order to ensure personnel integrity and machine functionality
- The cabinet can be shipped with or without wood packaging, in case wood crate will be used, will have a pallet base for an easy fork-lift handling. The pallet, however should be handle in the central position
- During the shipment, it is necessary to avoid any crash or/and shake of the display cabinet in order to not damage its frame, especially its glasses.
- Do not drag the display cabinet on the floor and do not push it on the upper glasses.

3.2. STOCK OF THE DISPLAY CABINET

- Whenever the cabinet has to be stoked, follow carefully what suggested before.
- > Environmental temperature during the cabinet stock can have following range -15°C and + 55°C and humidity between 30% and 90%.
- The display cabinet has always to be protected by sunrays and raining.
- In case the display cabinet has to remain in stock quite long time before its use, keep it with its packaging in order to maintain its protection.

3.3. PACKAGING REMOVE

Before getting the display cabinet from the forwarding agent, check its conditions. In case it will be some damages, inform the driver and sign it on shipping documents. Eventual damages relevant to the shipment and/or to the wrong stock, have not to be ascribed to the manufacturer.

3.4. DISPLAY CABINET POSITION

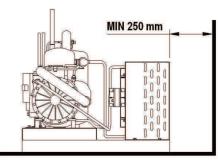
The refrigerated display cabinet needs particular environmental conditions in order to offer the right performance, so that the area where it will be used has to respect following indications

- Floor has to be levelled perfectly, on the contrary keep the display cabinet on the horizontal position in order to guarantee a perfect defrosting water drain and avoid boring compressor noises.
- > The display cabinet has to not be under the sun-rays in order to have its better refrigeration performance, has to remain inside the local or to be sheltered by window curtain. If what described above is not observed, it can determinate an increase of temperature of displayed product and an increasing power consume.
- The display cabinet has not to be under air currents due to open doors or windows, or under roof ventilators or under air condition outlets. In case will be not respected the above suggestions it can arise an increasing of temperature of the displayed product and/or an increasing ice phenomena on the evaporator and internal fans, which compromise the correct cold air circulation and product consistence.
- > The display cabinet has not to be placed close any heat source as heaters, ovens, etc.
- > The display cabinet has to have a sufficient place in order to ensure a correct custom service, to make an easy maintenance operation, to guarantee the right air flow necessary to make cold the condenser. Besides the warm air which flows out has to no have any obstacle or to invest other equipments in order to not reduce the correct functions.



3.5. REMOTE CONDENSING UNIT PLACING

- > According to the model of ice cream display cabinet you have No.1 or No.2 internal, or remote, condensing units.
- > The remote condensing unit has to be checked by specialised technicians and according to the required refrigerating power and their position respect the cabinet.
- > The condensing unit has to be placed following these points:
- The condensing unit has to be located at least 250 mm from any eventual wall. (pic.3.5)
- Air flow direction has to be from the eventual wall towards compressor.
- The local, in case will be closed, has to be with enough air circulation.
- By the condenser has to be guaranteed in any case as much as possible cold air.
- In case will be necessary it has to be foreseen a forced air exchange by any fan according to the air flow of condenser.
- The condensing units of display cabinets have to be fixed properly.
- The generated noise has not exceed the admitted noise levels relevant to the public places, especially in case of domestic buildings.
- It is always necessary a sufficient place along the four sides of the display cabinet in order to make easy any type of check and maintenance operations.
- When the condensing units are external will be necessary a frame holder that has to be fixed in a proper way and eventually added with amortising elements. Besides this frame has to be closet with no-water protection grid and sufficient opening holes for ventilation.



pic 3.5

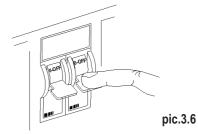
3.6. ELECTRICAL CONNECTION

- > Before proceeding with electrical connection, be sure that the available electric power and tension are what is required on technical label of the cabinet.
- > The electric connection has to be made by qualified personnel and following manufacturer's instructions taking into
- consideration the relevant norms in force.
- > The display cabinet has already a general switch, however it is necessary an omni polar switch, with a minimum distance among the contacts of 3mm.
- It is obligatory that the display cabinet will be connected properly with an efficient ground socket.

WARNING! A wrong connection may occur always to persons, animals and things, where the manufacturer cannot be considered as responsible.

WARNING!

The display cabinet has no main switch breaking both the phases. Before any maintenance operation disconnect the electrical supply of the display cabinet (see label on the rear of the display cabinet).

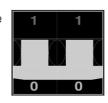




4. ROUTINE MAINTENANCE AND PERIODIC CHECKS

- > These kinds of operations are at client's expenses.
- > In case some malfunctioning of the unit are observed, please make sure this is not due to non-maintenance reasons, before you apply to qualified assistance.
- > The accurate and periodic cleaning of the unit will reduce the risk of damages to the unit itself and to the products stored within.
- See following tab for reference.

ATTENTION! Before starting any maintenance and cleaning operation make sure you operate on the main switch in order to deactivate tension (pic. 4)



(pic.4)

MAINTENANCE OPERATIONS AND THIR FREQUENCY. A SUMMARY TAB.

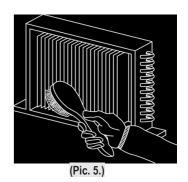
OPERATION	DESCRIPTION	FREQUENCY
Surfaces' cleaning	 Wash exclusively with warm water and neutral soup; rinse abundantly and wipe off with a soft cloth. Do not use abrasive products 	weekly
Plastic surfaces' cleaning	 Wash exclusively with warm water and neutral soup; rinse abundantly and wipe off with a soft cloth. Do not use alcohol, acetone and any solvent that might spoil the look and structure of the material. 	weekly
Glass surfaces' cleaning	 Use only specific products for glass cleaning Using water alone might lead to calcareous deposits on the glass surfaces 	daily
Wooden surfaces' cleaning	Use exclusively a wet cloth.	weekly
	Under particular conditions of temperature and humidity, the frost that normally forms on the evaporator and fans might increase in volume, so leading to a faulty functioning the unit.	
Additional defrost	If these conditions should last, the assistance of a qualified technician shall be needed. Waiting for this service, it is suggested to operate one or more defrost cycles (despite the damages this might cause to the stored product)	Waiting for qualified assistance
	In order to obtain the best performance from the cooling system, we suggest to operate an extended defrost cycle.	
Periodic defrost	Before you do that, please remove displayed products from inside the cabinet; always operate an additional defrost cycle in order to remove from the evaporator the largest possible amount of frost or ice. Turn the main switch off for 5 hours (min.)	max. 15 DAYS
	Before re-starting the unit, make sure that frost has totally melted and wipe carefully.	

5. EXTRAORDINARY MAINTENANCE

This type of operation has to be made by qualified technician only.

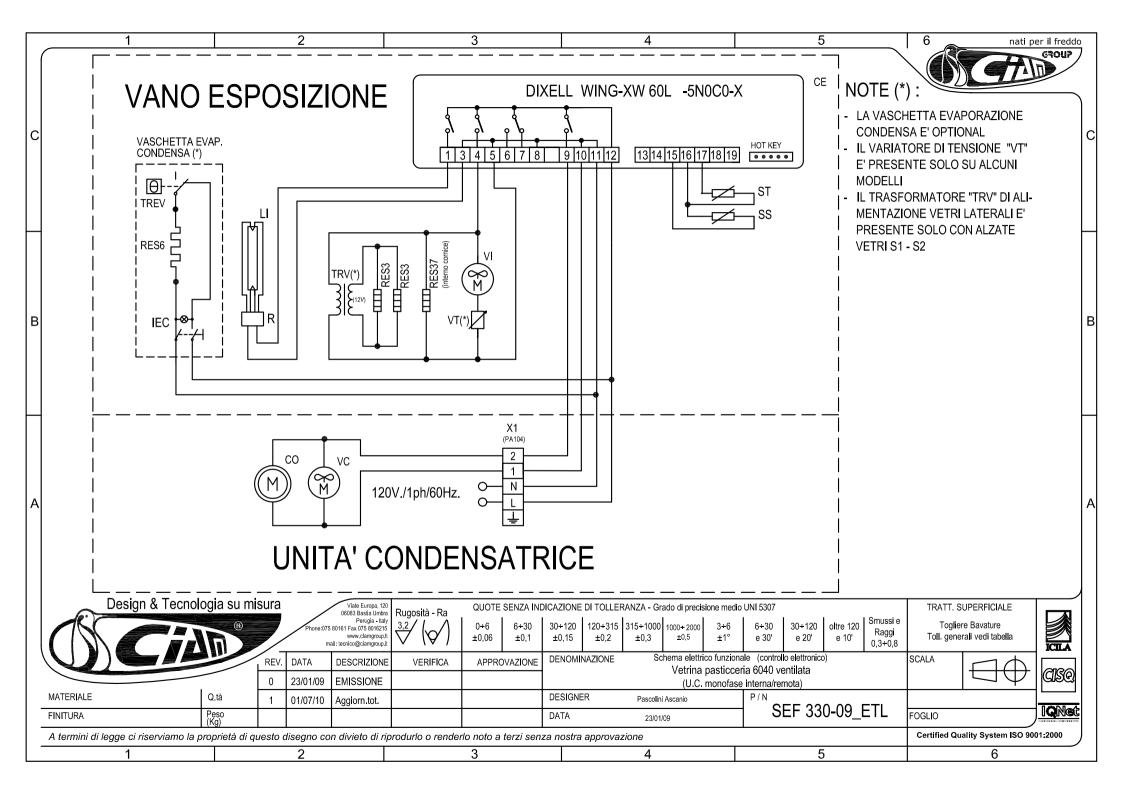
ATTENTION! Before operating any maintenance, make sure the tension is deactivated. (pic.11).

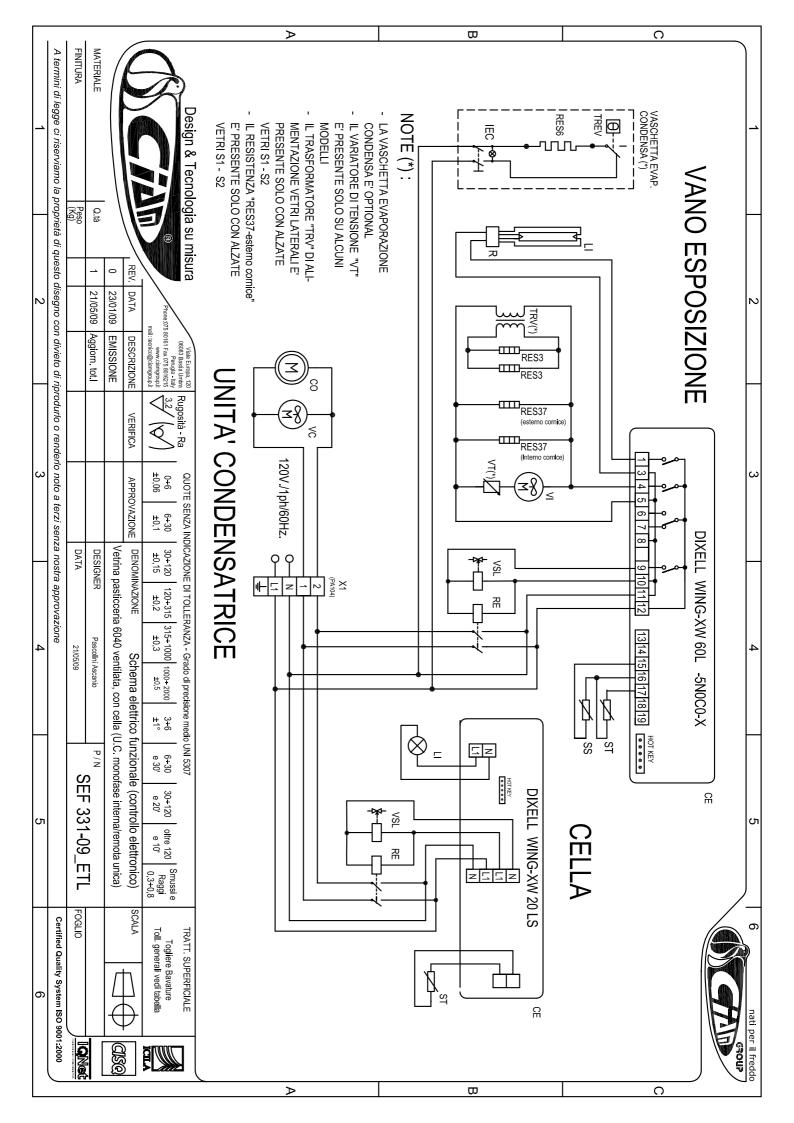
- Lamps' replacement: qualified technician needed.
- Air condenser cleaning: qualified technician needed. When the fan is switched off you can clean the condenser with a compressed air jet. Never use metallic brushes. Use protection gloves (pic.5).



REFRIGERATION AND ELECTRICAL SYSTEM CABLE CONNECTION GUIDE

	T	1	
AGD	DIGITAL FLAVOURS DISPLAY FEEDER	RES28	FRONT GLASS LOWER FRAME HEATING ELEMENT
AEL	ELECTRONIC BALLAST	RES29	FRONT GLASSES COUPLING PROFILE HEATING ELEMENT
AP	SERVICE VALVE	RES30	DOORS FRAME MIDDLE POST HEATING ELEMENT
CA	SUPPLY CABLE	RES31	GLASSES PERIMETRAL FRAME HEATING ELEMENT
CAR	AIR CONDENSER	RES32	HEATED DOORS HEATING ELEMENTS
CE	ELECTRONIC CONTROL	RES33	WATER DRAIN HEATING ELEMENT
CN	MULTIPOLAR CONNECTOR	RES34	DOORS FRAME HEATING ELEMENT
CO	COMPRESSOR	RES35	COMPRESSOR CRANKCASE HEATING ELEMENT
D	DIOD	RES36	FRONT GLASS FRAME HEATING ELEMENT
DEV	SHUNT	REV	CONDENSER FAN SPEED CONTROL
DEV	REMOTE DISPLAY	REVC	
	PHOTOCELL EMITTER		CONDENSER FAN RELAY
EM		RI	REFRIGERANT TAP
EV	EVAPORATOR	RIC	COMPRESSOR DELAYER
F	FUSE	RICV	PHOTOCELL RECEIVER
FD	FILTER DRIER	RIS	RESERVE, ANTI-FOG HEATER ELEMENT
FLU	WATER FLOW SWITCH	RL	LIQUID RECEIVER
FR	COMPRESSOR THERMAL PROTECTION	RLA	WATER LEVEL ELECTRONIC CONTROL
HL	COMPRESSOR ALARM LIGHT	RO	OIL HEATER ELEMENT
I	GENERIC SWITCH	SAA	ABSENCE OF WATER LIGHT
IEC	WATER EVAPORATION BIN SWITCH	SC	CONDENSER PROBE
IGD	DIGITAL FLAVOURS DISPLAY	SD	TERMINAL BOX
II	LIGHTING SWITCH	SDC	COMPRESSOR TERMINAL BOX
IL	SIGHT GLASS	SE	PROXIMITY SENSOR
IMC	WARM SHELF SWITCH	SEC	MAIN SWITCH
INV	INVERTER	SFV	TANK BOTTOM HEATING COIL
IR	REFRIGERATION SWITCH	SIDG	FLAVOURS DISPLAY DIGITAL SYSTEM
IRP	LIGHT REFRIGERATION SWITCH	SL	LIQUID SEPARATOR
IV	INTERNAL FAN SWITCH	SLA	WATER LEVER PROBE
KM	CONTACTOR	SPC	COMPRESSOR LIGHT
LF	FRONT LIGHTING	SPMC	WARM SHELF LIGHT
LI	INTERNAL UPPER LIGHTING	SPR	ELECTRIC SUPPLY LIGHT
LIA	FRONT LIGHTING	SPS	DEFROSTING LIGHT
LIG	FLAVOURS DISPLAY LIGHTING	SS	DEFROSTING PROBE
LIP	REAR LIGHTING	ST	TEMPERATURE PROBE
MDIG	DIGITAL MODULE FOR FLAVOURS DISPLAY	STR	LIGHTING STARTER
MM	SPINNING SHELVES ELECTRIC MOTOR	SU	HUMIDITY PROBE
MUC	CONDENSING UNIT ELECTRIC CONNECTIONS	T	TEMPERATURE CONTROL
PA	HIGH PRESSURE CONTROL	TI	WINTER THERMOSTAT
PD	HIGH-LOW PRESSURE CONTROL	TC	CAPILLARY TUBE
PO	WATER PUMP	TE	TIMER
QE	EXTERNAL ELECTRIC PANEL	TER	THERMOMETER
QF	MAGNETIC-THERMIC SWITCH	TF	FUSIBLE PLUG
R	LIGHTING BALLAST	TMC	WARM SHELF THERMOSTAT
RADD	RECTIFIER	TP	LIGHTING FIXTURES REGRIGERATOR THERMOSTAT
RE	GENERIC RELAY	TRA	TRANSFORMER
REL	ELECTRONIC BALLAST	TRC	ELECTRONIC CONTROL TRANSFORMER
REP	ELECTRONIC CONTROL TEMPERATURE REPEATER	TREV	WATER EVAPORATION HEATER ELEMENT THERMOSTAT
RES1	COLD AIR DISCHERGE HEATING ELEMENT	TS	SECURITY THERMOSTAT
RES2	FRONT PROFILE HEATING ELEMENT	TVC	CONDENSER FAN THERMOSTAT
RES3	RIGHT/LEFT GLASS HEATING ELEMENT	V	COMPRESSOR FAN / GENERAL USE
RES4	FRONT GLASS HEATING ELEMENT	VVC	CONDENSER FAN
	DEFROST HEATING ELEMENT	VEC	WATER EVAPORATION BIN
RES5 RES6	WATER EVAPORATION HATING ELEMENT	VEC	EXPANSION VALVE
RES7	TOP LIGHTING FIXTURE HEATING ELEMENT	VES	INTERNAL FAN
RES7		VI VPA	
	LATERAL GLASS SUPPORT HEATING ELEMENT FRONT BAND HEATING ELEMENT		CONDENSING PRESSURE CONTROL WATER VALVE
RES9		VR VRA	CHECK VALVE
RES10	COUPLING BAND HEATING ELEMENT		SUCTION PRESSURE REGULATION VALVE
RES11	SERVICE TOP HEATING ELEMENT	VRE	EVAPOTATING PRESSURE REGUTATION VALVE
RES12	UPPER BAND/DOOR FRAME HEATING ELEMENT	VS	GENERAL USE SOLENOID VALVE
RES13	HOT DRY/BAIN MARIE DISPLAY HEATING ELEMENT	VSA	SOLENOID WATER VALVE
RES14	ANTI-FOG SUCTION AIR BAND HEATING ELEMENT	VSAB	BY-PASS SOLENOID WATER VALVE
RES15	WARM SHELF HEATING ELEMENT	VSIC	REVERSING CYCLE SOLENOID VALVE
RES16	SIDE BANDS/ FRONT GLASS HINGE HEATING ELEMENT	VSL	LIQUID SOLENOID VALVE
RES17	DEHUMIDIFICATION HEATING ELEMENT	VSS	DEFROSTING SOLENOID VALVE
RES18	DEFROSTING WATER DRAIN HEATING ELEMENT	VT	POWER REGULATOR
RES19	RING FRAME HEATING ELEMENT	VV	GLASS FAN
RES20	SIDE BAND HEATING ELEMENT	X1	CABINET CONNECTIONS
RES21	SUCTION AIR GLASS HEATING ELEMENT	X2	EXTERNAL ELECTRIC PANEL CONNECTIONS
RES22	OUTLET AIR HEATING ELEMENT	X3	CONDENSING UNIT CONNECTIONS
RES23	REAR GLASS HEATING ELEMENT		
RES24	INTERNAL GLASS HEATING ELEMENT		
RES25	FRONT GLASS UPPER FRAME HEATING ELEMENT		
RES26	FRONT GLASS LATERAL/LOWER FRAME HEATING		
DF::-	ELEMENT		
RES27	FRONT GLASS LATERAL FRAME HEATING ELEMENT		





Digital controller for medium-low temperature refrigeration applications

XW60L

1. GENERAL WARNING

1.1 PLEASE READ BEFORE USING THIS MANUAL

- This manual is part of the product and should be kept near the instrument for easy and quick reference.
- The instrument shall not be used for purposes different from those described hereunder. It cannot be
 used as a safety device.
- Check the application limits before proceeding.

1.2 SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

- Check the supply voltage is correct before connecting the instrument.
- Do not expose to water or moisture: use the controller only within the operating limits avoiding sudden temperature changes with high atmospheric humidity to prevent formation of condensation
- Warning: disconnect all electrical connections before any kind of maintenance.
- Fit the probe where it is not accessible by the End User. The instrument must not be opened.
- In case of failure or faulty operation send the instrument back to the distributor or to "Dixell S.p.A." (see address) with a detailed description of the fault.
- Consider the maximum current which can be applied to each relay (see Technical Data).
- Ensure that the wires for probes, loads and the power supply are separated and far enough from each other, without crossing or intertwining.
- In case of applications in industrial environments, the use of mains filters (our mod. FT1) in parallel with inductive loads could be useful.

2. GENERAL DESCRIPTION

Model **XW60L**, format 38x185mm, is microprocessor based controller, suitable for applications on medium or low temperature ventilated refrigerating units. It has 4 relay outputs to control compressor, fan, defrost, which can be either electrical or reverse cycle (hot gas) and light (configurable). It could be provided with a Real Time Clock which allows programming of up to 6 daily defrost cycles, divided into holidays and workdays. A "Day and Night" function with two different set points is fitted for energy saving. It is also provided with up to four NTC or PTC probe inputs, the first one for temperature control, the second one, to be located onto the evaporator, to control the defrost termination temperature and to managed the fan. One of the 2 digital inputs can operate as third temperature probe. The fourth probe is used to signal the condenser temperature alarm or to display a temperature.

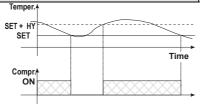
The HOT KEY output allows to connect the unit, by means of the external module XJ485-CX, to a network line **ModBUS-RTU** compatible such as the **dixell** monitoring units of X-WEB family. It allows to program the controller by means the HOT KEY programming keyboard.

The instrument is fully configurable through special parameters that can be easily programmed through the keyboard.

3. CONTROLLING LOADS

3.1 COMPRESSOR

The regulation is performed according to the temperature measured by the thermostat probe with a positive differential from the set point: if the temperature increases and reaches set point plus differential the compressor is started and then turned off when the temperature reaches the set point value again.



In case of fault in the thermostat probe the start and stop of the compressor are timed through parameters "COn" and "COF".

3.2 DEFROST

Two defrost modes are available through the "tdF" parameter: defrost through electrical heater (tdF = EL) and hot gas defrost (tdF = in).

The defrost interval depends on the presence of the RTC (optional). If the RTC is present is controlled by means of parameter "EdF":

- with EdF=in the defrost is made every "IdF" time standard way for controller without RTC.
- with EdF = "ttc", the defrost is made in real time depending on the hours set in the parameters Ld1..Ld6 on workdays and in Sd1...Sd6 in holidays;

Other parameters are used to control defrost cycles: its maximum length (MdF) and two defrost modes: timed or controlled by the evaporator's probe (P2P).

At the end of defrost dripping time is started, its length is set in the Fdt parameter. With Fdt =0 the dripping time is disabled.

3.3 CONTROL OF EVAPORATOR FANS

The fan control mode is selected by means of the "FnC" parameter.

FnC = C_n: fans will switch ON and OFF with the compressor and not run during defrost;

FnC = o_n fans will run even if the compressor is off, and not run during defrost;

After defrost, there is a timed fan delay allowing for drip time, set by means of the "Fnd" parameter.

FnC = C_Y fans will switch ON and OFF with the compressor and run during defrost;

FnC = o_Y fans will run continuously also during defrost

An additional parameter "FSt" provides the setting of temperature, detected by the evaporator probe, above which the fans are always OFF. This is used to make sure circulation of air only if his temperature is lower than set in "FSt".

3.3.1 Forced activation of fans

This function managed by the **Fct** parameter is designed to avoid short cycles of fans, that could happen when the controller is switched on or after a defrost, when the room air warms the evaporator. **Functioning:** if the difference of temperature between the evaporator and the room

probes is more than the value of the Fct parameter, the fans are switched on. With Fct=0 the function is disabled.

3.3.2 Cyclical activation of the fans with compressor off.

When Fnc = c-n or c-Y (fans in parallel to the compressor), by means of the Fon and FoF parameters the fans can carry out on and off cycles even if the compressor is switched off. When the compressor is stopped the fans go on working for the Fon time. With Fon =0 the fans remain always off, when the compressor is off.

3.4 LIGHT RELAY CONFIGURATION

The functioning of the auxiliary relay (terminals. 1-3) can be set by the **oA3** parameter, according to the kind of application. In the following paragraph the possible setting:

3.4.1 Auxiliary thermostat

I.E.. anti condensing heater) with the possibility of switching it on and off also by keyboard

Parameters involved:

- ACH Kind of regulation for the auxiliary relay: Ht: heating; cL: cooling;
- SAA Set point for auxiliary relay
- SHy Differential for auxiliary relay
- ArP Probe for auxiliary relay
- Sdd Auxiliary output off during defrost

By means of these 5 parameters the functioning of the auxiliary relay can be set.. The differential is given by the **SHy** parameter.

The auxiliary relay can be switched on also by the AUX button. In this case it remains on till it's manually switched off.

NOTE: Set oA3 =AUS and ArP= nP (no probe for auxiliary output).

In this case the relay 1-3 can be activated only by digital input with i1F or i2F = AUS.

3.4.2 On/off relay - oA3 = onF

In this case the relay is activated when the controller is turned on and de-activated when the controller is turned off.

3.4.3 Neutral zone regulation

With oA3 = db the relay 1-3 can control a heater element to perform a neutral zone action.
oA3 cut in = SET-HY
oA3 cut out = SET

3.4.4 Second compressor

With oA3 = CP2, the relay 1-3 operates as second compressor: it is activated in parallel with the relay of the first compressor, with a possible delay set in the AC1 parameter. Both the compressors are switched off at the same time.

3.4.5 Alarm relay

With oA3 = ALr the relay 1-3 operates as alarm relay. It is activated every time an alarm happens. Its status depends on the tbA parameter: if "tbA = y", the relay is silenced by pressing any key. If "tbA = n", the alarm relay remains on until the alarm condition recovers.

3.4.6 Night blind management during energy saving cycles

With oA3 = HES, the relay 1-3 operates to manage the night blind: the relay is energised when the energy saving cycle is activated , by digital input, frontal button or RTC (optional)

4. FRONT PANEL COMMANDS

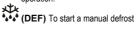
4.1 STANDARD FRONTAL PANEL



4.2 STEEL FINISHING



SET: To display target set point; in programming mode it selects a parameter or confirm an operation.



(UP): To see the max. stored temperature; in programming mode it browses the parameter codes or increases the displayed value.

(DOWN) To see the min stored temperature; in programming mode it browses the parameter codes or decreases the displayed value.



To switch the instrument off, if on F = oFF.

To switch the light, if oA3 = Lig.

KEY COMBINATIONS:



To lock & unlock the keyboard.



To enter in programming mode

To return to the room temperature display.

4.3 USE OF LEDS

Each LED function is described in the following table.

LED	MODE	FUNCTION
*	ON	Compressor enabled
*	Flashing	Anti-short cycle delay enabled
懋	ON	Defrost enabled
懋	Flashing	Drip time in progress
<u>参</u> 参 ・チ	ON	Fans enabled
Ş	Flashing	Fans delay after defrost in progress.
	ON	An alarm is occurring
(₩)	ON	Continuous cycle is running
※)	ON	Energy saving enabled
- ` ;	ON	Light on
AUX	ON	Auxiliary relay on
°C/°F	ON	Measurement unit
°C/°F	Flashing	Programming phase

5. MAX & MIN TEMPERATURE MEMORIZATION

5.1 HOW TO SEE THE MIN TEMPERATURE

- 2. The "Lo" message will be displayed followed by the minimum temperature recorded.
- 3. By pressing the vekey again or by waiting 5s the normal display will be restored.

5.2 HOW TO SEE THE MAX TEMPERATURE

- Press and release the A key
- The "Hi" message will be displayed followed by the maximum temperature recorded.
- 3. By pressing the A key again or by waiting 5s the normal display will be restored.

5.3 HOW TO RESET THE MAX AND MIN TEMPERATURE RECORDED

- Hold press the SET key for more than 3s, while the max. or min temperature is displayed. (rSt message will be displayed)
- To confirm the operation the "rSt" message starts blinking and the normal temperature will be displayed.

6. MAIN FUNCTIONS

6.1 TO SET THE CURRENT TIME AND DAY (ONLY FOR INSTRUMENTS WITH RTC)

When the instrument is switched on, it's necessary to program the time and day

- 1. Enter the Pr1 programming menu, by pushing the SET + ▼ keys for 3s.
- 2. The rtc parameter is displayed. Push the SET key to enter the real time clock menu.
- 3. The Hur (hour) parameter is displayed.
- Push the SET and set current hour by the UP and Down keys, then push SET to confirm the value..
- Repeat the same operations on the Min (minutes) and dAy (day) parameters.

To exit: Push SET+UP keys or wait for 15 sec without pushing any keys.

6.2 HOW TO SEE THE SET POINT



- Push and immediately release the SET key: the display will show the Set point value;
- 2. Push and immediately release the **SET** key or wait for 5 seconds to

display the probe value again.

6.3 HOW TO CHANGE THE SET POINT

- Push the SET key for more than 2 seconds to change the Set point value;
- The value of the set point will be displayed and the "°C" or "°F" LED starts blinking;
- To change the Set value push the A or ➤ arrows within 10s.
- To memorise the new set point value push the SET key again or wait 10s.

6.4 HOW TO START A MANUAL DEFROST



Push the **DEF** key for more than 2 seconds and a manual defrost will start.

6.5 HOW TO CHANGE A PARAMETER VALUE

To change the parameter's value operate as follows

- Enter the Programming mode by pressing the Set +
 ✓ keys for 3s (the "°C" or "°F" LED starts blinking).
- Select the required parameter. Press the "SET" key to display its value
- 3. Use "UP" or "DOWN" to change its value.
- 4. Press "SET" to store the new value and move to the following parameter.

To exit: Press SET + UP or wait 15s without pressing a key.

NOTE: the set value is stored even when the procedure is exited by waiting the time-out to expire.

6.6 THE HIDDEN MENU

The hidden menu Includes all the parameters of the instrument.

6.6.1 HOW TO ENTER THE HIDDEN MENU

- Enter the Programming mode by pressing the Set +

 keys for 3s (the "°C" or "°F" LED starts

 blinking)
- Released the keys, then push again the Set+
 keys for more than 7s. The Pr2 label will be displayed immediately followed from the HY parameter.

NOW YOU ARE IN THE HIDDEN MENU.

- 3. Select the required parameter.
- 4. Press the "SET" key to display its value
- Use ▲ or ▼ to change its value
- 6. Press "**SET**" to store the new value and move to the following parameter.

To exit: Press SET + A or wait 15s without pressing a key.

NOTE1: if none parameter is present in Pr1, after 3s the "noP" message is displayed. Keep the keys pushed till the Pr2 message is displayed.

NOTE2: the set value is stored even when the procedure is exited by waiting the time-out to expire.

6.6.2 HOW TO MOVE A PARAMETER FROM THE HIDDEN MENU TO THE FIRST LEVEL AND VICEVERSA.

Each parameter present in the HIDDEN MENU can be removed or put into "THE FIRST LEVEL" (user level) by pressing "SET + ▼".

In HIDDEN MENU when a parameter is present in First Level the decimal point is on.

6.7 HOW TO LOCK THE KEYBOARD

- 1. Keep pressed for more than 3 s the UP + DOWN keys.
- The "POF" message will be displayed and the keyboard will be locked. At this point it will be possible only to see the set point or the MAX o Min temperature stored
- 3. If a key is pressed more than 3s the "POF" message will be displayed.

6.8 TO UNLOCK THE KEYBOARD

Keep pressed together for more than 3s the ▲ and ▼ keys, till the "Pon" message will be displayed.

6.9 THE CONTINUOUS CYCLE

When defrost is not in progress, it can be activated by holding the "A" key pressed for about 3 seconds. The compressor operates to maintain the "ccS" set point for the time set through the "CCt" parameter. The cycle can be terminated before the end of the set time using the same activation key "A" for 3 seconds.

6.10 THE ON/OFF FUNCTION



With "onF = oFF", pushing the ON/OFF key, the instrument is switched off. The "OFF message is displayed. In this configuration, the regulation is disabled.

To switch the instrument on, push again the ON/OFF key.

WARNING: Loads connected to the normally closed contacts of the relays are always supplied and under voltage, even if the instrument is in stand by mode.

7. PARAMETERS

rtc Real time clock menu (only for controller with RTC): to set the time and date and defrost start time.

REGULATION

- Hy Differential: (0,1 ÷ 25,5°C / 1÷255°F) Intervention differential for set point. Compressor Cut IN is Set Point + differential (Hy). Compressor Cut OUT is when the temperature reaches the set point.
- LS Minimum set point: (- 50°C÷SET/-58°F÷SET): Sets the minimum value for the set point.
- US Maximum set point: (SET÷110°C/SET÷230°F). Set the maximum value for set point.
- Ot Thermostat probe calibration: (-12.0+12.0°C; -120+120°F) allows to adjust possible offset of the thermostat probe.
- P2P Evaporator probe presence: n= not present: the defrost stops by time; y= present: the defrost stops by temperature.
- OE Evaporator probe calibration: (-12.0÷12.0°C; -120÷120°F). allows to adjust possible offset of the evaporator probe.

 P3P Third probe presence (P3): n= not present:, the terminals 13-14 operate as digital input; y=
- present; the terminals 13-14 operate as third probe.

 O3 Third probe calibration (P3): (-12.0±12.0°C; -120±12.0°C) allows to adjust possible offset of
- O3 Third probe calibration (P3): (-12.0÷12.0°C; -120÷120°F). allows to adjust possible offset of the third probe.
- P4P Fourth probe presence: (n = Not present; y = present).
- **o4** Fourth probe calibration: (-12.0÷12.0°C) allows to adjust possible offset of the fourth probe.
- OdS Outputs activation delay at start up: (0÷255min) This function is enabled at the initial start up of the instrument and inhibits any output activation for the period of time set in the parameter.
- AC Anti-short cycle delay: (0÷50 min) minimum interval between the compressor stop and the following restart.
- AC1 2nd compressor delay at start up (0+255s) Used only if oA3 = cP2 Time interval between the switching on of the first compressor and the second one.
- tr Percentage of the second and first probe for regulation (0÷100; 100 = P1, 0 = P2): it allows to set the regulation according to the percentage of the first and second probe, as for the following formula (rtr(P1-P2)/100 + P2).
- CCt Compressor ON time during continuous cycle: (0.0÷24.0h; res. 10min) Allows to set the length of the continuous cycle: compressor stays on without interruption for the CCt time. Can be used, for instance, when the room is filled with new products.
- CCS Set point for continuous cycle: (-50÷150°C) it sets the set point used during the continuous cycle.
- COn Compressor ON time with faulty probe: (0÷255 min) time during which the compressor is active in case of faulty thermostat probe. With COn=0 compressor is always OFF.

 COF Compressor OFF time with faulty probe: (0÷255 min) time during which the compressor is

OFF in case of faulty thermostat probe. With COF=0 compressor is always active. **DISPLAY**

- CF Temperature measurement unit: °C=Celsius; °F=Fahrenheit. WARNING: When the measurement unit is changed the SET point and the values of the parameters Hy, LS, US, Ot, ALU and ALL have to be checked and modified if necessary).
- rES Resolution (for °C): (in = 1°C; dE = 0.1 °C) allows decimal point display.

- Lod Instrument display: (P1; P2, P3, P4, SET, dtr): it selects which probe is displayed by the instrument: P1 = Thermostat probe; P2 = Evaporator probe; P3 = Third probe(only for model with this option enabled); P4 = Fourth probe, SET = set point; dtr = percentage of visualization
- rEd X- REP display (optional): (P1; P2, P3, P4, SET, dtr): it selects which probe is displayed by X- REP: P1 = Thermostat probe; P2 = Evaporator probe; P3 = Third probe(only for model with this option enabled); P4 = Fourth probe, SET = set point; dtr = percentage of visualization.
- dLy Display delay: (0 ÷20.0m; resul. 10s) when the temperature increases, the display is updated of 1 °C/1°F after this time.
- Percentage of the second and first probe for visualization when Lod = dtr (0÷100; 100 = P1, 0 = P2): if Lod = dtr it allows to set the visualization according to the percentage of the first and second probe, as for the following formula (dtr(P1-P2)/100 + P2).

EdF Defrost mode (only for controller with RTC):

rtc = Real Time Clock mode. Defrost time follows Ld1+Ld6 parameters on workdays and Sd1÷Sd6 on holidays.

in = interval mode. The defrost starts when the time "ldf" is expired.

- tdF Defrost type: EL = electrical heater; in = hot gas
- Probe selection for defrost termination: nP = no probe; P1 =thermostat probe; P2 = evaporator probe; P3 =configurable probe; P4 = Probe on Hot Key plug.
- dtE Defrost termination temperature: (-50÷50 °C/
 - -58÷122°F) (Enabled only when EdF=Pb) sets the temperature measured by the evaporator probe, which causes the end of defrost
- Interval between defrost cycles: (0+120h) Determines the time interval between the ldF beginning of two defrost cycles.
- (Maximum) length for defrost: (0÷255min) When P2P = n, (not evaporator probe: timed defrost) it sets the defrost duration, when P2P = y (defrost end based on temperature) it sets the maximum length for defrost
- dSd Start defrost delay: (0÷99min) This is useful when different defrost start times are necessary to avoid overloading the plant.
- dFd Temperature displayed during defrost: (rt = real temperature; it = temperature at defrost start; SEt = set point; dEF = "dEF" label)
- $\textbf{dAd MAX display delay after defrost:} \ (0 \div 255 \text{min}). \ \ \text{Sets the maximum time between the end of}$ defrost and the restarting of the real room temperature display.
- Fdt Drip time: (0÷120 min) time interval between reaching defrost termination temperature and the restoring of the control's normal operation. This time allows the evaporator to eliminate water drops that might have formed due to defrost.
- dPo First defrost after start-up: (y = immediately; n = after the ldF time)
- dAF Defrost delay after continuous cycle: (0+23.5h) time interval between the end of the fast freezing cycle and the following defrost related to it.

FANS

FnC Fans operating mode: C-n= runs with the compressor, OFF during defrost;

o-n = continuous mode, OFF during defrost;

C-Y = runs with the compressor, ON during defrost; o-Y = continuous mode, ON during defrost;

- Fnd Fans delay after defrost: (0÷255min) Interval between end of defrost and evaporator fans
- Fct Temperature differential avoiding short cycles of fans (0÷59°C; Fct=0 function disabled). If the difference of temperature between the evaporator and the room probes is more than the value of the Fct parameter, the fans are switched on.
- FSt Fans stop temperature: (-50÷50°C/122°F) setting of temperature, detected by evaporator probe, above which fans are always OFF.
- Fon Fan ON time: (0÷15 min) with Fnc = C_n or C_y, (fan activated in parallel with compressor). it sets the evaporator fan ON cycling time when the compressor is off. With Fon =0 and FoF \neq 0 the fan are always off, with Fon=0 and FoF =0 the fan are always off.
- FoF Fan OFF time: (0÷15 min) with Fnc = C_n or C_y, (fan activated in parallel with compressor). it sets the evaporator fan off cycling time when the compressor is off. With Fon =0 and FoF \neq 0 the fan are always off, with Fon=0 and FoF =0 the fan are always off.
- FAP Probe selection for fan management: nP = no probe; P1 = thermostat probe; P2 = evaporator probe; P3 =configurable probe; P4 = Probe on Hot Key plug.

AUXILIARY THERMOSTAT CONFIGURATION (terms. 1-3) - OA3 = AUS

ACH Kind of regulation for auxiliary relay: Ht = heating; CL = cooling

- SAA Set Point for auxiliary relay: (-50,0÷110,0°C; -58÷230°F) it defines the room temperature set point to switch auxiliary relay.
- SHy Differential for auxiliary output: $(0,1 \div 25,5^{\circ}C \ / \ 1 \div 255 \ ^{\circ}F)$ Intervention differential for auxiliary output set point.

With ACH = cL AUX Cut in is SAA + SHy; . AUX Cut out is SAA With ACH = Ht AUX Cut in is SAA - SHy; . AUX Cut out is SAA

- ArP Probe selection for auxiliary: nP = no probe, the auxiliary relay is switched only by button; P1 = Probe 1 (Thermostat probe); P2 = Probe 2 (evaporator probe); P3 = Probe 3 (display probe); P4 = Probe 4 fourth probe.
- Sdd Auxiliary relay off during defrost: n = the auxiliary relay operates during defrost. y = the auxiliary relay is switched off during defrost.

ALARMS

ALP Probe selection for alarm: nP = no probe, the temperature alarms are disabled; P1 = Probe 1 (Thermostat probe); P2 = Probe 2 (evaporator probe); P3 = Probe 3 (display probe); P4 = Fourth probe.

ALC Temperature alarms configuration: (Ab; rE)

Ab= absolute temperature: alarm temperature is given by the ALL or ALU values. rE = temperature alarms are referred to the set point. Temperature alarm is enabled when the temperature exceeds the "SET+ALU" or "SET-ALL" values

- ALU MAXIMUM temperature alarm: (SET÷110°C; SET÷230°F) when this temperature is reached the alarm is enabled, after the "ALd" delay time.
- ALL Minimum temperature alarm: (-50.0 ÷ SET °C; -58÷230°F when this temperature is reached the alarm is enabled, after the "ALd" delay time.
- AFH Differential for temperature alarm/ fan recovery: (0,1÷25,5°C; 1÷45°F) Intervention differential for recovery of temperature alarm. It's also used for the restart of the fan when the FSt temperature is reached
- ALd Temperature alarm delay: (0÷255 min) time interval between the detection of an alarm condition and alarm signalling.
- dAO Exclusion of temperature alarm at start-up: (from 0.0 min to 23.5h) time interval between the detection of the temperature alarm condition after instrument power on and alarm signalling

CONDENSER TEMPERATURE ALARM

- AP2 Probe selection for temperature alarm of condenser: nP = no probe; P1 =thermostat probe; P2 = evaporator probe; P3 =configurable probe; P4 = Probe on Hot Key plug.
- AL2 Low temperature alarm of condenser: (-55÷150°C) when this temperature is reached the LA2 alarm is signalled, possibly after the Ad2 delay.
- Au2 High temperature alarm of condenser: (-55÷150°C) when this temperature is reached the HA2 alarm is signalled, possibly after the Ad2 delay.
- AH2 Differential for temperature condenser alarm recovery: (0,1÷25,5°C; 1÷45°F)
- Ad2 Condenser temperature alarm delay: (0÷255 min) time interval between the detection of the condenser alarm condition and alarm signalling.
- dA2 Condenser temperature alarm exclusion at start up: (from 0.0 min to 23.5h, res. 10min)
- bLL Compressor off with low temperature alarm of condenser: n = no: compressor keeps on working; Y = yes, compressor is switched off till the alarm is present, in any case regulation restarts after AC time at minimum.
- AC2 Compressor off with high temperature alarm of condenser: n = no: compressor keeps on working; Y = yes, compressor is switched off till the alarm is present, in any case regulation restarts after AC time at minimum.

AUXILIARY RELAY

tbA Alarm relay silencing (with oA3 =ALr):

n= silencing disabled: alarm relay stays on till alarm condition lasts,

y =silencing enabled: alarm relay is switched OFF by pressing a key during an alarm

- oA3 Fourth relay configuration (1-3): dEF, FAn: do not select it!. ALr: alarm; Lig: light; AuS: Auxiliary relay; onF: always on with instrument on; db= neutral zone; cP2 = second compressor; dEF2: do not select it!;. HES:. night blind
- AoP Alarm relay polarity: it set if the alarm relay is open or closed when an alarm happens. CL= terminals 1-3 closed during an alarm; oP = terminals 1-3 open during an alarm

DIGITAL INPUTS

- i1P Digital input polarity (13-14): oP: the digital input is activated by opening the contact; CL: the digital input is activated by closing the contact.
- i1F Digital input configuration (13-14): EAL= external alarm: "EA" message is displayed; bAL= serious alarm "CA" message is displayed. PAL= pressure switch alarm, "CA" message is displayed; dor= door switch function; dEF= activation of a defrost cycle; AUS=not enabled; Htr= kind of action inversion (cooling - heating); FAn= not set it; ES= Energy saving; HdF = Holiday defrost (enable only with RTC); onF = to switch the controller off.
- did (0÷255 min) with i1F= EAL or i1F = bAL digital input alarm delay (13-14): delay between the detection of the external alarm condition and its signalling.
 - with i1F= dor: door open signalling delay
 - with i1F= PAL: time for pressure switch function: time interval to calculate the number of the pressure switch activation.
- 2nd digital input polarity (13-19): oP: the digital input is activated by opening the contact; CL: the digital input is activated by closing the contact.
- 2nd digital input configuration (13-19): EAL= external alarm: "EA" message is displayed; bAL= serious alarm "CA" message is displayed. PAL= pressure switch alarm, "CA" message is displayed; dor= door switch function; dEF= activation of a defrost cycle; AUS=not enabled; Htr= kind of action inversion (cooling – heating); FAn= not set it; ES= Energy saving; HdF = Holiday defrost (enable only with RTC); onF = to switch the controller off.
- d2d (0÷255 min) with i2F= EAL or i2F= bAL 2nd digital input alarm delay (13-19): delay between the detection of the external alarm condition and its signalling.

with i2F= dor: door open signalling delay

with i2F= PAL: time for pressure switch function: time interval to calculate the number of the pressure switch activation.

- nPS Pressure switch number: (0 ÷15) Number of activation of the pressure switch, during the "did" interval, before signalling the alarm event (I2F= PAL).
 - If the nPS activation in the did time is reached, switch off and on the instrument to restart normal regulation.
- odc Compressor and fan status when open door: no = normal; Fan = Fan OFF; CPr = Compressor OFF; F_C = Compressor and fan OFF.
- Outputs restart after doA alarm: no= outputs not affected by the doA alarm; yES = outputs restart with the doA alarm
- HES Temperature increase during the Energy Saving cycle: (-30,0°C÷30,0°C) it sets the increasing value of the set point during the Energy Saving cycle

TO SET CURRENT TIME AND WEEKLY HOLIDAYS (ONLY FOR MODELS WITH RTC)

- Hur Current hour (0 ÷ 23 h)
- Min Current minute (0 ÷ 59min)
- YAb Current day (Sun ÷ SAt)
- Hd1 First weekly holiday (Sun ÷ nu) Set the first day of the week which follows the holiday times
- Hd2 Second weekly holiday (Sun ÷ nu) Set the second day of the week which follows the holiday times.
- Hd1,Hd2 can be set also as "nu" value (Not Used).

TO SET ENERGY SAVING TIMES (ONLY FOR MODELS WITH RTC)

- Energy Saving cycle start during workdays: (0 ÷ 23h 50 min.) During the Energy Saving cycle the set point is increased by the value in HES so that the operation set point is SET + HES.
- dLE Energy Saving cycle length during workdays: (0 ÷ 24h 00 min.) Sets the duration of the Energy Saving cycle on workdays
- ISF Energy Saving cycle start on holidays. (0 ÷ 23h 50 min.)
- Energy Saving cycle length on holidays (0 ÷ 24h 00 min.)

TO SET DEFROST TIMES (ONLY FOR MODELS WITH RTC)

- Ld1÷Ld6 Workday defrost start (0 ÷ 23h 50 min.) These parameters set the beginning of the 6 programmable defrost cycles during workdays. Ex. When Ld2 = 12.4 the second defrost starts at 12.40 during workdays.
- Sd1÷Sd6 Holiday defrost start (0 ÷ 23h 50 min.) These parameters set the beginning of the 6 programmable defrost cycles on holidays. Ex. When Sd2 = 3.4 the second defrost starts at 3.40 on holidays
 - N.B. : To disable a defrost cycle set it to "nu" (not used). Ex. If Ld6=nu; the sixth defrost cycle is disabled

Adr Serial address (1÷244): Identifies the instrument address when connected to a ModBUS compatible monitoring system.

- PbC Type of probe: it allows to set the kind of probe used by the instrument: PbC = PBC probe, ntc
- onF on/off key enabling: nu = disabled; oFF = enabled; ES = not set it.
- dP1 Thermostat probe display
- dP2 Evaporator probe display dP3 Third probe display- optional.
- dP4 Fourth probe display.
- rSE Real set point: it shows the set point used during the energy saving cycle or during the continuous cycle
- rFL Software release for internal use.
- Ptb Parameter table code: readable only.

8. DIGITAL INPUTS

The first digital input 13-14 is enabled with P3P = n.

With P3P = n and i1F = i2F the second digital input is disabled

The free voltage digital inputs are programmable by the "i1F" and i2F parameters

8.1 GENERIC ALARM (i1F or i2F = EAL)

As soon as the digital input is activated the unit will wait for "did" time delay before signalling the "EAL" alarm message. The outputs status don't change. The alarm stops just after the digital input is de-activated

8.2 SERIOUS ALARM MODE (i1F or i2F = bAL)

When the digital input is activated, the unit will wait for "did" delay before signalling the "CA" alarm message. The relay outputs are switched OFF. The alarm will stop as soon as the digital input is deactivated

8.3 PRESSURE SWITCH (i1F or i2F = PAL)

If during the interval time set by "did" parameter, the pressure switch has reached the number of activation of the "nPS" parameter, the "CA" pressure alarm message will be displayed. The compressor and the regulation are stopped. When the digital input is ON the compressor is always OFF. If the nPS activation in the did time is reached, switch off and on the instrument to restart normal regulation.

8.4 DOOR SWITCH INPUT (i1F or i2F = dor)

It signals the door status and the corresponding relay output status through the "odc" parameter: no = normal (any change); Fan = Fan OFF; CPr = Compressor OFF; F_C = Compressor and fan OFF. Since the door is opened, after the delay time set through parameter "did", the door alarm is enabled, the display shows the message "dA" and the regulation restarts is rtr = yES. The alarm stops as soon as the external digital input is disabled again. With the door open, the high and low temperature alarms are disabled.

8.5 START DEFROST (i1F or i2F = dEF)

It starts a defrost if there are the right conditions. After the defrost is finished, the normal regulation will restart only if the digital input is disabled otherwise the instrument will wait until the "MdF" time is expired.

8.6 SWITCH THE AUXILIARY RELAY (i1F or i2F = AUS)

With oA3 = AUS the digital input switched the status of the auxiliary relay

8.7 INVERSION OF THE KIND OF ACTION: HEATING-COOLING (i1F or i2F=Htr)

This function allows to invert the regulation of the controller: from cooling to heating and viceversa.

8.8 ENERGY SAVING (i1F = ES)

The Energy Saving function allows to change the set point value as the result of the SET+ HES (parameter) sum. This function is enabled until the digital input is activated

8.9 HOLIDAY DEFROST (i1F or i2F = HDF) –ONLY FOR MODELS WITH RTC

This function enabled the holiday defrost setting

8.10 ON OFF FUNCTION (i1F or i2F = onF)

To switch the controller on and off

8.11 DIGITAL INPUTS POLARITY

The digital input polarity depends on the "i1P" and "i2P" parameters.

i1P or i2P =CL: the input is activated by closing the contact

i1P or i2P=OP: the input is activated by opening the contact

TTL SERIAL LINE - FOR MONITORING SYSTEMS

The TTL serial line, available through the HOT KEY connector, allows by means of the external TTL/RS485 converter, XJ485-CX, to connect the instrument to a monitoring system ModBUS-RTU compatible such as the X-WEB500/3000/300.

10. X-REP OUTPUT – OPTIONAL

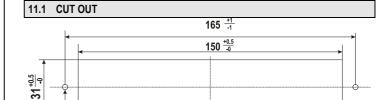
As optional, an X-REP can be connected to the instrument, trough the dedicated connector

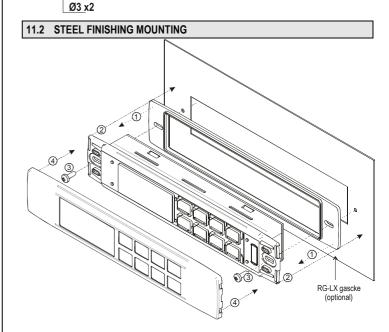


To connect the X-REP to the instrument the following connectors must be used CAB/REP1(1m), CAB/REP2 (2m), CAB/REP5 (5m),

INSTALLATION AND MOUNTING

The controller XW60L, shall be mounted on vertical panel, in a 150x31 mm hole, and fixed using two screws \varnothing 3 x 2mm. To obtain an IP65 protection grade use the front panel rubber gasket (mod. RG-L). The temperature range allowed for correct operation is 0 - 60 °C. Avoid places subject to strong vibrations, corrosive gases, excessive dirt or humidity. The same recommendations apply to probes. Let the air circulate by the cooling holes.





12. ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS

The instruments are provided with screw terminal block to connect cables with a cross section up to 2,5 mm² for the digital and analogue inputs. Relays and power supply have a Faston connection (6,3mm). Heat-resistant cables have to be used. Before connecting cables make sure the power supply complies with the instrument's requirements. Separate the probe cables from the power supply cables, from the outputs and the power connections. Do not exceed the maximum current allowed on each relay, in case of heavier loads use a suitable external relay. N.B. Maximum current allowed for all the loads is 20A.

12.1 PROBE CONNECTION

The probes shall be mounted with the bulb upwards to prevent damages due to casual liquid infiltration. It is recommended to place the thermostat probe away from air streams to correctly measure the average room temperature. Place the defrost termination probe among the evaporator fins in the coldest place, where most ice is formed, far from heaters or from the warmest place during defrost, to prevent premature defrost termination.

13. HOW TO USE THE HOT KEY

HOW TO PROGRAM A HOT KEY FROM THE INSTRUMENT (UPLOAD)

- Program one controller with the front keypad.
- When the controller is ON, insert the "Hot key" and push A key; the "uPL" message 2. appears followed a by flashing "End"
- Push "SET" key and the End will stop flashing.
- Turn OFF the instrument remove the "Hot Key", then turn it ON again.

NOTE: the "Err" message is displayed for failed programming. In this case push again A key if you want to restart the upload again or remove the "Hot key" to abort the operation

13.2 HOW TO PROGRAM AN INSTRUMENT USING A HOT KEY (DOWNLOAD)

- Turn OFF the instrument
- Insert a programmed "Hot Key" into the 5 PIN receptacle and then turn the Controller ON.
- Automatically the parameter list of the "Hot Key" is downloaded into the Controller memory, the "doL" message is blinking followed a by flashing "End".
- After 10 seconds the instrument will restart working with the new parameters
- Remove the "Hot Key" ..

NOTE the message "Err" is displayed for failed programming. In this case turn the unit off and then on if you want to restart the download again or remove the "Hot key" to abort the operation

14 ALADM SIGNALS

	Itali Gigiti (Eg	
Message	Cause	Outputs
"P1"	Room probe failure	Compressor output acc. to par. "Con" and "COF"
"P2"	Evaporator probe failure	Defrost end is timed
"P3"	Third probe failure	Outputs unchanged
"P4"	Fourth probe failure	Outputs unchanged
"HA"	Maximum temperature alarm	Outputs unchanged.
"LA"	Minimum temperature alarm	Outputs unchanged.
"HA2"	Condenser high temperature	It depends on the "Ac2" parameter

Message	Cause	Outputs
"LA2"	Condenser low temperature	It depends on the "bLL" parameter
"dA"	Door open	Compressor and fans restarts
"EA"	External alarm	Output unchanged.
"CA"	Serious external alarm (i1F=bAL)	All outputs OFF.
"CA"	Pressure switch alarm (i1F=PAL)	All outputs OFF
"rtc"	Real time clock alarm	Alarm output ON; Other outputs unchanged; Defrosts according to par. "IdF" Set real time clock has to be set
rtF	Real time clock board failure	Alarm output ON; Other outputs unchanged; Defrosts according to par. "IdF" Contact the service

14.1 SILENCING BUZZER / ALARM RELAY OUTPUT

If "tbA = y", the buzzer and the relay are is silenced by pressing any key.

If "tbA = n", only the buzzer is silenced while the alarm relay is on until the alarm condition recovers.

14.2 ALARM RECOVERY

Probe alarms P1", "P2", "P3" and "P4" start some seconds after the fault in the related probe; they automatically stop some seconds after the probe restarts normal operation. Check connections before replacing the probe.

Temperature alarms "HA", "LA" "HA2" and "LA2" automatically stop as soon as the temperature returns to normal values.

Alarms "EA" and "CA" (with i1F=bAL) recover as soon as the digital input is disabled. Alarm "CA" (with i1F=PAL) recovers only by switching off and on the instrument.

14.3	OTHER MESSAGES
Pon	Keyboard unlocked.
PoF	Keyboard locked
noP	In programming mode: none parameter is present in Pr1
	On the display or in dP2, dP3, dP4: the selected probe is nor enabled

TECHNICAL DATA

Housing: self extinguishing ABS Case: facia 38x185 mm; depth 76mm

Mounting: panel mounting in a 150x31 mm panel cut-out with two screws. \varnothing 3 x 2mm.

Distance between the holes 165mm

Protection: IP20; Frontal protection: IP65 with frontal gasket mod RG-L. (optional) $\textbf{Connections:} \ \, \text{Screw terminal block} \leq 2,5 \ mm^2 \ \, \text{heat-resistant wiring and 6,3mm Faston}$

Power supply: 230Vac or. 110Vac or 24Vac \pm 10%

Power absorption: 5VA max.

Display: 3 digits, red LED, 14,2 mm high.

Display: 3 digits, red LED, 14,2 mm high; Inputs: Up to 4 NTC or PTC probes.

Digital inputs: 2 free voltage

Relay outputs: <u>Total current on loads MAX. 20A</u> compressor: relay SPST 20(8) A, 250Vac light: relay SPST 8 or 16(3) A, 250Vac fans: relay SPST 8(3) A, 250Vac defrost: relay SPST 8(3) A, 250Vac

Other output: buzzer (optional)

Serial output: TTL standard; Communication protocol: Modbus - RTU

Data storing: on the non-volatile memory (EEPROM). Internal clock back-up: 24 hours (only for model with RTC) Kind of action: 1B; Pollution grade: 2;Software class: A.; Rated impulsive voltage: 2500V; Over voltage Category: II Operating temperature: 0+60 °C; Storage temperature: -30+85 °C.

Relative humidity: 20÷85% (no condensing)

Measuring and regulation range: NTC probe: -40÷110°C (-40÷230°F);
PTC probe: -50÷150°C (-58÷302°F)
Resolution: 0,1 °C or 1°C or 1°F (selectable); Accuracy (ambient temp. 25°C): ±0,7 °C ±1 digit

16. CONNECTIONS 1 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 N Lin \$ Fan N.C. Def ____ (i) Comp ĕ∏∃¶æ Supply 230V∼ Liaht

Supply: 120Vac or 24Vac: connect to terminals 11-12

The X-REP output is optional

The light relay can be also 16(5)A according to the model

Label	Name	Range	°C/°F	Level
Set	Set point	LS÷US	-5.0	
rtc*	Real time clock menu	-	-	Pr1
Ну	Differential	0,1÷25.5°C/ 1÷ 255°F	2.0	Pr1
LS	Minimum set point	-50°C÷SET/-58°F÷SET	-50.0	Pr2
US	Maximum set point	SET÷110°C/ SET ÷ 230°F	110	Pr2
Ot	Thermostat probe calibration	-12÷12°C /-120÷120°F	0.0	Pr1
P2P	Evaporator probe presence	n=not present; Y=pres.	Υ	Pr1
OE	Evaporator probe calibration	-12÷12°C /-120÷120°F	0.0	Pr2
P3P	Third probe presence	n=not present; Y=pres.	n	Pr2
О3	Third probe calibration	-12÷12°C /-120÷120°F	0	Pr2
	Fourth probe presence	n=not present; Y=pres.	n	Pr2
04	Fourth probe calibration	-12÷12°C /-120÷120°F	0	Pr2
OdS	Outputs delay at start up	0÷255 min	0	Pr2

Label	uctio	ons	15	92027	7050
AC Anti-short cycle delay AC fl. Second compressor start delay D-255S	Label	Name	Range	°C/°F	Level
Trt P1-P2 percentage for regulation					
CCCI, Continuous soyled unarbon CCS Set point for continuous cycle (SS6+150,0°C) (67+302°F) CS6 Set point for continuous cycle (SS6+150,0°C) (67+302°F) CS7 CS7 CS7 CS7 CS7 CS7 CS7 CS	Ac1	Second compressor start delay	0÷255s	5	Pr2
CCCI, Continuous soyled unarbon CCS Set point for continuous cycle (SS6+150,0°C) (67+302°F) CS6 Set point for continuous cycle (SS6+150,0°C) (67+302°F) CS7 CS7 CS7 CS7 CS7 CS7 CS7 CS	rtr	P1-P2 percentage for regulation	0 ÷ 100 (100=P1 , 0=P2)	100	Pr2
COD Compressor ON time with faulty probe 0 + 255 min 30 P-2	CCt	Continuous cycle duration	0.0÷24.0h	0.0	Pr2
Corporative measurement unit Co. + F			(-55.0÷150,0°C) (-67÷302°F)	-5	Pr2
CF Emperature measurement unit "C2 + F "C P.2 ES Resolution nimitager decepoint dE P1 Lod PP			0 ÷ 255 min	15	Pr2
Internation					Pr2
Lod Probe displayed Pt.P2		·		°C	
Field K-REP display					
dty Display temperature delay 0 + 200 min (10 sec.) 0.0 Pr2					
dri					
EdF (kind of interval for defrost by per the per per per per per per per per per pe					
Let Defrost type					
dFP Probe selection for defrost termination n.P. Pt. P2. P.2. P.4 P2. P.2. P.2 dEE Defrost termination temperature 5.0 + 5.0° C.8 8. Pr.1 IdF Interval between defrost cycles 1 + 120 ore 6. Pr.1 IdF Interval between defrost cycles 1 + 120 ore 6. Pr.1 IdG I (Maximum) legal for defrost 0 + 255 min 30. Pr.1 IdG I (Displaying during defrost rt. It. SEt. DEF it. P.2 Jad MAX (Salay delay after defrost) 0 + 255 min 30. P.2 Fdt Draining lime 0 + 120 min 0 . P.2 Jack Po First defrost after start-up n=after IdF yeinmend. n. P.2 Jack Po First defrost after start-up 0 + 23h e 50° 0.0 P.2 Fnc Fan Officer and the start-up of core and person of the start start-up of the start s					
Ide Defrost termination temperature .50 + 50 °C 8 Pr1					
IdF Interval between defrost cycles					
MGF Maximum) length for defrost 0 - 255 min 30 Pr1					
SSS Start defrost delay 0+99min 0 P/2					
dFd Displaying during defrost f.t. I. SET. DEF it P/2 Add MAX display delay after defrost 0 + 255 min 30 P/2 Fet Draining time 0 + 120 min 0 P/2 IdPo First defrost after start-up n - after ldf; y=immed. n P/2 IdPo First defrost after feezing 0 + 236 n 50 0.0 P/2 Fnc Fan operating mode Cn, o-n, C-y, o-Y o-n Pr1 Fnd Fan delay after defrost 0 + 255min 10 Pr1 Fnd Fan objev great and the compressor off 0 + 50 °C/-58*122°F 2 Pr1 FST Fan stop temperature -50+50°C/-58*122°F 2 Pr1 Fon Fan on time with compressor off 0 + 15 (min.) 0 P/2 For Fan off time with compressor off 0 + 15 (min.) 0 P/2 FAP probe selection for auxiliary relay -50.0+110°C/-58*230°F 2 Pr2 FAP probe selection for auxiliary relay -50.0+110°C/-1-82*20°F 0.0 P/2 SAP probe selection for auxiliary relay -50.0+10°C/-1-82*30°F 0.0 P/2 SHy Di					
AdA MAX display delay after defiost					
Fett Draining time					
Dep Pirst defrost after start-up					
ALF Defrost delay after fast freezing					
Find Fan delay after defrost C-n, o-n, C-y, o-Y O-n Pr1 Find Fan delay after defrost 0-255min 10 Pr1 Find Fan delay after defrost 0-255min 10 Pr2 Find Fan delay after defrost 0-255min 10 Pr2 Find Fan delay after defrost 0-255min 10 Pr2 Find Fan delay after defrost 0-255min					
Find Fan delay after defrost 0+255min 10					
Fet Differential of temperature for forced activation of fains F8t Fain stop temperature -50+50°C/-58+122°F 2					
activation of fans 10 F12		,			
Fon Fan ont time with compressor off		activation of fans			
FoF Fan off time with compressor off					
FAP					
ACH Kind of action for auxiliary relay					
SAA Set Point for auxiliary relay					
SHy Differential for auxiliary relay					
ArP Probe selection for auxiliary relay nP / P1 / P2 / P3/P4 n P Pr2 Sdd Auxiliary relay operating during defrost n+y n Pr2 ALP Alarm probe selection n+y (1; P2; P3; P4 P1 Pr2 ALC Temperat. alarms configuration rE= related to set; Ab = absolute Ab Pr2 ALU MAXIMUM temperature alarm Set-110 °C; Set-230°F 110,0°C Pr1 ALL Minimum temperature alarm Set-110 °C; Set-230°F 110,0°C Pr2 ARH Differential for temperature alarm -50.0°C+Set/-58°F+Set -50.0 Pr1 ALL Minimum temperature alarm delay 0 + 235 min 15 Pr2 ALD Differential for temperature alarm at start up 0 + 23h e 50° 1,3 Pr2 ALZ Condenser for low temperature alarm (-55 + 150°C) (-67+ 302°F) -40 Pr2 ALZ Condenser for low temperature alarm 4.55 + 150°C) (-67+ 302°F) -10 Pr2 ALZ Condenser for low temperature alarm -11 -12 -12 -12 -12<					
Sadd Auxiliary relay operating during defrost n+y n Pr2					
ALP Alarm probe selection nP, P1; P2; P3; P4 P1 Pr2					
ALC Temperat. alarms configuration RE = related to set; Ab = absolute					
ALU MAXIMUM temperature alarm				P1	Pr2
ALU MAXIMUM temperature alarm Set+110.0°C; Set+230°F 110,0 Pr1	ALC	remperat. alarms configuration	,	Ab	Pr2
ALL Minimum temperature alarm -50.0°C+Set/-58°F+Set -50,0 Pr1	ΔΙΙΙ	MAXIMI IM temperature alarm		110.0	Dr1
AFH Differential for temperat. alarm recovery (0,1°C+25,5°C) (1°F+45°F) 2,0 Pr2					
ALd Temperature alarm delay					
Delay of temperature alarm at start up					
AP2 Probe for temperat. alarm of condenser nP; P1; P2; P3; P4 P4 P72					
AL2 Condenser for low temperat. alarm (-55 + 150°C) (-67+ 302°F) -40 Pr2					
AU2 Condenser for high temperat. alarm (-55 + 150°C) (-67+302°F) 110 Pr2					
AH2 Differ. for condenser temp. alar. recovery [0,1°C + 25,5°C] [1°F + 45°F] 5 Pr2 Ad2 Condenser temperature alarm delay 0 + 254 (min.), 255=nU 15 Pr2 dA2 Delay of cond. temper. alarm at start up 0.0 + 23h 50' 1,3 Pr2 Compr. off for condenser low temperature alarm 0.0 + 23h 50' 1,3 Pr2 Compr. off for condenser low temperature alarm 100					Pr2
Ad2 Condenser temperature alarm delay dA2 Delay of cond. temper. alarm at start up Compr. off for condenser low bLL temperature alarm Compr. off for condenser low bLL temperature alarm Compr. off for condenser high remainder temperature alarm R(0) - Y(1) n Pr2 AC2 temperature alarm n(0) - Y(1) n Pr2 AC3 Fourth relay disabling n=no; y=yes y Pr2 AL7 = alarm; dEF = do not select it; Lig = Light; AUS = AUX; onF=always on; Fan= do not select it; Lig = Light; AUS = AUX; onF=always on; Fan= do not select it; HES = night blind AOP Alarm relay polarity (oA3=ALr) if P Digital input 1 configuration (13-14) did Digital input 2 configuration (13-14) did Digital input alarm delay (13-14) i2P Digital input alarm delay (13-19) i2P Digital input polarity (13-19) i2P Digital input configuration (13-19) EAL, bAL, PAL, dor; dEF; Htr, AUS d2d Digital input alarm delay (13-19) AUS d2d Digital input alarm delay (13-19) D+255min D+72 EAL Pr2 d2d Digital input alarm delay (13-19) O+255min D+255min D+72 FEAL Pr2 d2d Digital input alarm delay (13-19) O+255min D+72 FEAL Pr2 d2d Digital input alarm delay (13-19) O+255min D+72 TEAL Pr2 d2d Digital input alarm delay (13-19) O+255min D+72 TEAL Pr2 d2d Digital input alarm delay (13-19) O+255min D+72 TEAL Pr2 d2d Digital input alarm delay (13-19) O+255min D+72 TEAL Pr2 d2d Digital input alarm delay (13-19) O+255min D+72 TEAL Pr2 d2d Digital input alarm delay (13-19) O+255min D+72 TEAL Pr2 d2d Digital input alarm delay (13-19) O+255min D+72 TEAL Pr2 d2d Digital input alarm delay (13-19) O+255min D+72 TEAL Pr2 d2d Digital input alarm delay (13-19) O+255min D+72 TEAL Pr2 D-75 TEAL Pr2 D-75 P-75 P-75 P-75 P-75 P-75 P					Pr2
Compr. off for condenser low temperature alarm Compr. off for condenser high Compreadure alarm R(0) - Y(1) n Pr2 tbA Alarm relay disabling n=no; y=yes y Pr2 oA3 Fourth relay configuration ALF = alarm; dEF = do not select it; Lig = Light; AUS = AUX; onF=always on; Fan= do not select it; db = neutral zone; cP2 = second compressor; dF2 = do not select it; db = neutral zone; cP2 = second compressor; dF2 = do not select it; db = neutral zone; cP2 = second compressor; dF2 = do not select it; db = neutral zone; cP2 = second compressor; dF2 = do not select it; db = neutral zone; cP2 = second compressor; dF2 = do not select it; db = neutral zone; cP2 = second compressor; dF2 = do not select it; db = neutral zone; cP2 = second compressor; dF2 = do not select it; db = neutral zone; cP2 = second compressor; dF2 = do not select it; db = neutral zone; cP2 = second compressor; dF2 = do not select it; db = neutral zone; cP2 = do not select it; db = neutral zone; cP2 = do not select it; db = neutral zone; cP2 = do not select it; Lig = Light; AUS = ALP = do not select it; Lig = Light; AUS = ALP = do not select it; Lig = Light; AUS = ALP = do not select it; Lig = Light; AUS = ALP = do not select it; Lig = Light; AUS = ALP = do not select it; Lig = Light; AUS = ALP = do not select it; Lig = Light; AUS = ALP = do not select it; Lig = Light; AUS = ALP = do not select it; Lig = Light; AUS = ALP = do not select it; Lig = Light; AUS = ALP = do not select it; Lig = Light; AUS = ALP = do not select it; Lig = Light; AUS = ALP = do not select it; Lig = Light; AUS = ALP = do not select it; Lig = Light; AUS = ALP = do not select it; Lig = Light; AUS = ALP = do not select it; Lig = Light; AUS = ALP = do not select it; Lig = Light; AUS = ALP = do not select it; Lig = Light; AUS = ALP	Ad2	Condenser temperature alarm delay	0 ÷ 254 (min.) , 255=nU	15	Pr2
bLL temperature alarm Compr. off for condenser high temperature alarm Compr. off for condenser high temperature alarm that Alarm relay disabiling n=no; y=yes y Pr2 oA3 Fourth relay configuration ALr = alarm; dEF = do not select it; Lig = Light; AUS = AUX; onF=always on; Fan= do not select it; Lig = Light; AUS = AUX; onF=always on; Fan= do not select it; de neutral zone; cP2 = second compressor; dF2 = do not select it; HES = night blind AoP Alarm relay polarity (oA3=ALr) OP; cL iTP Digital input polarity (13-14) Digital input 1 configuration (13-14) Digital input 1 configuration (13-14) AUS did Digital input polarity (13-19) Digital input polarity (13-19) Despening; CL=closing cL Pr1 iZP Digital input configuration (13-19) EAL, bAL, PAL, dor; dEF; Htr, AUS d2d Digital input configuration (13-19) EAL, bAL, PAL, dor; dEF; Htr, AUS d2d Digital input configuration (13-19) EAL, bAL, PAL, dor; dEF; Htr, AUS d2d Digital input alarm delay (13-19) D+255min D+72 Nps Number of activation of pressure switch O+15 Odc Compress and fan status when open no; Fan; CPr; F_C f-c rrd Regulation restart with door open alarm n-Y y Pr2 HES Differential for Energy Saving (-30°C+30°C) (-54°F+54°F) O+23 - rtc Min* Current hour N-23 - rtc Min* Current day Sun+SAt - rtc dAY* Current day Sun+SAt - rtc Hd1* First weekly holiday Sun+SAt - rtc Hd2* Second weekly holiday Sun+SAt - rtc Hd2* Second weekly holiday Sun+SAt - rtc Hd2* Energy Saving cycle start during workdays ILE* Energy Saving cycle start during workdays ILE* Energy Saving cycle start on holidays O+23h 50 min. O rtc	dA2		0.0 ÷ 23h 50'	1,3	Pr2
Compr. off for condenser high AC2 temperature alarm N(0) - Y(1)				n	Pr2
AC2 temperature alarm that Alarm relay disabling n=nc, y=yes v pr2 Alarm relay configuration ALr = alarm; dEF = do not select it; Lig = Light; AUS = AUX; onF=always on; Fan= do not select it; db = neutral zone; cP2 = second compressor; dF2 = do not select it; db = neutral zone; cP2 = second compressor; dF2 = do not select it; HES = night blind AOP Alarm relay polarity (oA3=ALr) ir Digital input polarity (13-14) ir Digital input 1 configuration (13-14) did Digital input alarm delay (13-14) ir Digital input polarity (13-19) Digital input configuration (13-19) ADP OP=opening; CL=closing cL Pr1 ir Digital input alarm delay (13-19) Digital input configuration (13-19) EAL, bAL, PAL, dor; dEF; Htr, AUS AUS AUS EAL Pr2 d2d Digital input alarm delay (13-19) Nps Number of activation of pressure switch O + 255min 5 Pr2 Nps Number of activation of pressure switch O + 255min 5 Pr2 Nps Number of activation of pressure switch O + 15	bLL			<u>''</u>	
tbA Alarm relay disabling n=no; y=yes y Pr2 oA3 Fourth relay configuration ALr = alarm; dEF = do not select it; Lig = Light; AUS = AUX; onF=always on; Fan= do not select tit; Lig = Light; AUS = not select tit; Lig = Light; AUS = not select tit; Lig = Light pr2 = second compressor; dF2 = do not select tit; Lig = Light blind AOP Alarm relay polarity (oA3=ALr) oP; cL cL Pr2 i1P Digital input polarity (13-14) oP=opening; CL=closing cL Pr1 i1F Digital input 1 configuration (13-14) EAL, bAL, PAL, dor; dEF; Htr, AUS OP=opening; CL=closing cL Pr2 i2P Digital input polarity (13-19) oP=opening; CL=closing cL Pr2 i2F Digital input configuration (13-19) EAL, bAL, PAL, dor; dEF; Htr, AUS OP=opening; CL=closing cL Pr2 d2d Digital input alarm delay (13-19) OP=opening; CL=closing cL Pr2 d2d Digital input alarm delay (13-19) OP=opening; CL=closing cL Pr2 d2d Digital input alarm delay (13-19) OP=opening; CL=closing cL Pr2 d2d Digital input alarm delay (13-19) OP=opening; CL=closing cL Pr2 d2d Digital input alarm delay (13-19) OP=opening; CL=closing cL Pr2 d2d Digital input alarm delay (13-19) OP=opening; CL=closing cL Pr2 d2d Digital input alarm delay (13-19) OP=opening; CL=closing cL Pr2 d2d Digital input alarm delay (13-19) OP=opening; CL=closing cL Pr2 d2d Digital input alarm delay (13-19) OP=opening; CL=closing cL Pr2 d2d Digital input configuration (13-19) EAL, bAL, PAL, dor; dEF; Htr, AUS Digital opening; CL=closing cL Pr2 d2d Digital input configuration (13-19) OP=opening; CL=closing cL Pr2 d2d Digital input configuration (13-19) OP=opening; CL=closing cL Pr1 EAL Pr2 d2d Digital input configuration (13-19) OP=opening; CL=closing cL Pr1 AUS OP=opening; CL=closing cL Pr1 aus OP=opening; CL=closing cL Pr1 aus OP=opening; CL=closing cl Pr1 br1 i1F Digital input configuration (13-14) OP=opening; CL=closing cL Pr1 aus OP=opening; CL=closing cl Pr1 br2 d2d Digital input configuration (13-19) OP=opening; CL=closing cl Pr1 aus OP=opening; CL=closing cl Pr1 br2 day OP=opening; CL=closing cl Pr1 aus				n	Pr2
oA3 Fourth relay configuration ALr = alarm; dEF = do not select it; Lig = Light; AUS = AUX; onF=always on; Fan= do not select it; Lig = Light; AUS = AUX; onF=always on; Fan= do not select it; de = neutral zone; cP2 = second compressor; dF2 = do not select it; HES = night blind AOP Alarm relay polarity (0A3=ALr) i1P Digital input polarity (13-14) oP=opening; CL=closing cL Pr1 i1F Digital input alarm delay (13-14) i2P Digital input alarm delay (13-14) i2P Digital input polarity (13-19) oP=opening; CL=closing cL Pr2 i2F Digital input configuration (13-19) EAL, bAL, PAL, dor; dEF; Htr, AUS i2P Digital input alarm delay (13-19) EAL, bAL, PAL, dor; dEF; Htr, AUS i2P Digital input alarm delay (13-19) OP=opening; CL=closing cL Pr2 i2F Digital input alarm delay (13-19) OP=opening; CL=closing cL Pr2 i2F Digital input alarm delay (13-19) OP=opening; CL=closing cL Pr2 i2F Digital input alarm delay (13-19) OP=opening; CL=closing cL Pr2 i2F Digital input alarm delay (13-19) OP=opening; CL=closing cL Pr2 i2F Digital input alarm delay (13-19) OP=opening; CL=closing cL Pr2 i2F Digital input alarm delay (13-19) OP=opening; CL=closing cL Pr2 i2F Digital input alarm delay (13-19) OP=opening; CL=closing cL Pr2 i2F Digital input alarm delay (13-19) OP=opening; CL=closing cL Pr2 i2F Digital input alarm delay (13-19) OP=opening; CL=closing cL Pr2 i2F Digital input alarm delay (13-19) OP=opening; CL=closing cL Pr2 i2F Digital input alarm delay (13-19) OP=opening; CL=closing cL Pr2 i2F Digital input alarm delay (13-19) OP=opening; CL=closing cL Pr2 i2F Digital input alarm delay (13-19) OP=opening; CL=closing cL Pr2 i2F Digital input alarm delay (13-19) OP=opening; CL=closing cL Pr1 i2F Digital input alarm delay (13-19) OP=opening; CL=closing oP2 i2F Digital input alarm delay (13-19) OP=opening; CL=closing oP2 i2F Digital input alarm delay (13-19) OP=opening; CL=closing oP2 i2F Digital input alarm delay (13-19) OP=opening; CL=closing oP2 i2F Digital input alarm delay (13-19) OP=opening					
it; Lig =Light; AUS =AUX; onFan=do not select it; db = neutral zone; cP2 = second compressor; dF2 = do not select it; HES = night blind AOP Alarm relay polarity (oA3=ALr)				у	rıZ
onF=always on; Fan= do not select it; db = neutral zone; cP2 = second compressor; dF2 = do not select it; db = neutral zone; cP2 = second compressor; dF2 = do not select it; HES = night blind	UAU	outarrolay corniguration			
select it; db = neutral zone; cP2 = second compressor; dF2 = do not select it; HES = night blind AOP Alarm relay polarity (oA3=ALr)					
a second compressor; dF2 = do not select it; HES = night blind				LIG	Pr2
AoP Alarm relay polarity (oA3=ALr) oP; cL cL Pr2 i1P Digital input polarity (13-14) oP=opening; CL=closing cL Pr1 i1F Digital input 1 configuration (13-14) EAL, bAL, PAL, dor; dEF; Htr, AUS did Digital input alarm delay (13-14) 0+255min 15 Pr1 i2P Digital input polarity (13-19) oP=opening; CL=closing cL Pr2 i2F Digital input configuration (13-19) EAL, bAL, PAL, dor; dEF; Htr, AUS d2d Digital input alarm delay (13-19) 0+255min 5 Pr2 Nps Number of activation of pressure switch 0+15 15 Pr2 odc Compress and fan status when open door rrd Regulation restart with door open alarm n-Y y Pr2 HES Differential for Energy Saving (-30°C+30°C) (-54°F+54°F) 0 Pr2 Hur' Current hour 0+23 - rtc Min' Current day Sun+SAt - rtc Hd1* First weekly holiday Sun+SAt - nu nu rtc Hd2* Second weekly holiday Sun+SAt - nu nu rtc ILE* Energy Saving cycle length during workdays ISE* Energy Saving cycle start on holidays 0+23h 50 min. 0 rtc			= second compressor; dF2 = do		
i1P Digital input polarity (13-14) oP=opening;CL=closing cL Pr1 i1F Digital input 1 configuration (13-14) EAL, bAL, PAL, dor; dEF; Htr, AUS dor Pr1 did Digital input alarm delay (13-14) 0+255min 15 Pr1 i2P Digital input polarity (13-19) oP=opening;CL=closing cL Pr2 i2F Digital input configuration (13-19) EAL, bAL, PAL, dor; dEF; Htr, AUS EAL Pr2 d2d Digital input alarm delay (13-19) 0+255min 5 Pr2 Nps Number of activation of pressure switch 0+15 15 Pr2 Occ Compress and fan status when open door no; Fan; CPr; F_C F-c Pr2 rrd Regulation restart with door open alarm n - Y y Pr2 HES Differential for Energy Saving (-30°C+30°C)(-54°F+54°F) 0 Pr2 Hur' Current hour 0 + 23 - rtc Min* Current minute 0 + 59 - rtc dAY* Current day Sun+ SAt - nu nu rtc Hd1* First weekly holiday <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>					
itF Digital input 1 configuration (13-14) did Digital input alarm delay (13-14) i2P Digital input polarity (13-19) Digital input configuration (13-19) Digital input configuration (13-19) EAL, bAL, PAL, dor; dEF; Htr, AUS EAL bAL, PAL, dor; dEF; Htr, AUS Digital input configuration (13-19) Digital input configuration (13-19) EAL, bAL, PAL, dor; dEF; Htr, AUS EAL bAL Pr2 d2d Digital input alarm delay (13-19) O+255min D+15 D+16 D+16 D+16 D+17 Current more D+18 D+1					
did Digital input alarm delay (13-14) 0+255min 15 Pr1 i2P Digital input polarity (13-19) oP=opening;CL=closing cL Pr2 i2F Digital input configuration (13-19) EAL, bAL, PAL, dor; dEF; Htr, AUS d2d Digital input alarm delay (13-19) 0+255min 5 Pr2 Nps Number of activation of pressure switch 0+15 15 Pr2 odc Compress and fan status when open door rrd Regulation restart with door open alarm no; Fan; CPr; F_C Pr2 rrd Regulation restart with door open alarm no; Fan; CPr; F_C Pr2 HES Differential for Energy Saving (-30°C+30°C) (-54°F+54°F) 0 Pr2 Hur* Current minute 0+23 rtc Min* Current minute 0+59 rtc dAY* Current day Sun+SAt rtc Hd1* First weekly holiday Sun+SAt nu nu rtc Hd2* Second weekly holiday Sun+SAt-nu nu rtc ILE* Energy Saving cycle start during 0+23h 50 min. 0 rtc workdays ISE* Energy Saving cycle start on holidays 0+23h 50 min. 0 rtc				CL	Pr1
did Digital input alarm delay (13-14) 0+255min 15 Pr1 i2P Digital input polarity (13-19) oP=opening;CL=closing cL Pr2 i2F Digital input configuration (13-19) EAL, bAL, PAL, dor; dEF; Htr, AUS EAL Pr2 d2d Digital input alarm delay (13-19) 0+255min 5 Pr2 Nps Number of activation of pressure switch 0 ÷15 15 Pr2 odc Compress and fan status when open door no; Fan; CPr; F_C F-c Pr2 rrd Regulation restart with door open alarm n - Y y Pr2 HES Differential for Energy Saving (-30°C+30°C)(-54°F+54°F) 0 Pr2 Hur* Current hour 0 ÷ 23 - rtc Min* Current minute 0 ÷ 59 - rtc dAY* Current day Sun ÷ SAt - nu nu rtc Hd1* First weekly holiday Sun ÷ SAt - nu nu rtc Hd2* Second weekly holiday Sun ÷ SAt - nu nu rtc LE* Energy Saving cycle start during 0 ÷ 24h 00 min. 0 rtc workdays Use in the properties of the	111	טושוווחוווחווווחווווווווווווווווווווווו		dor	Pr1
i2P Digital input polarity (13-19) oP=opening;CL=closing cL Pr2 i2F Digital input configuration (13-19) EAL, bAL, PAL, dor; dEF; Htr, AUS EAL Pr2 d2d Digital input alarm delay (13-19) 0+255min 5 Pr2 Nps Number of activation of pressure switch 0 +15 15 Pr2 odc Compress and fan status when open door no; Fan; CPr; F_C F-c Pr2 rrd Regulation restart with door open alarm n - Y y Pr2 HES Differential for Energy Saving (-30°C+30°C) (-54°F+54°F) 0 Pr2 Hur* Current hour 0 + 23 - rtc Min* Current minute 0 + 59 - rtc dAY* Current day Sun + SAt - rtc Hd1* First weekly holiday Sun + SAt - nu nu rtc Hd2* Second weekly holiday Sun + SAt - nu nu rtc LE* Energy Saving cycle start during 0 + 24h 00 min. 0 rtc workdays d 0 + 24h 00 min.	4:4	Digital input alarm delay (13 14)		15	Dr1
i2F Digital input configuration (13-19)					
AUS					
d2d Digital input alarm delay (13-19) 0÷255min 5 Pr2 Nps Number of activation of pressure switch 0÷15 15 Pr2 odc Compress and fan status when open door no; Fan; CPr; F_C F-c Pr2 rrd Regulation restart with door open alarm n - Y y Pr2 HES Differential for Energy Saving (-30°C+30°C) (-54°F+54°F) 0 Pr2 Hur* Current hour 0 ÷ 23 - rtc Min* Current minute 0 ÷ 59 - rtc dAY* Current day Sun ÷ SAt - rtc Hd1* First weekly holiday Sun ÷ SAt - nu nu rtc Hd2* Second weekly holiday Sun ÷ SAt - nu nu rtc ILE* Energy Saving cycle start during 0 ÷ 23h 50 min. 0 rtc workdays Use Energy Saving cycle length during 0 ÷ 24h 00 min. 0 rtc ISE* Energy Saving cycle start on holidays 0 ÷ 23h 50 min. 0 rtc		3p (10 10)		EAL	Pr2
Nps Number of activation of pressure switch 0 ÷ 15 15 Pr2	d2d	Digital input alarm delay (13-19)		5	Pr2
door rrd Regulation restart with door open alarm n - Y y Pr2	Nps	Number of activation of pressure switch	0 ÷15		Pr2
GOOF Trd Regulation restart with door open alarm N - Y Y Pr2		Compress and fan status when open	no; Fan; CPr; F_C		Pr2
HES Differential for Energy Saving (-30°C+30°C) (-54°F+54°F) 0 Pr2 Hur* Current hour 0 ÷ 23 - rtc Min* Current minute 0 ÷ 59 - rtc dAY* Current day Sun + SAt - rtc Hd1* First weekly holiday Sun + SAt - nu nu rtc Hd2* Second weekly holiday Sun + SAt - nu nu rtc Hd2* Second weekly holiday Sun + SAt - nu nu rtc Hd2* Energy Saving Cycle start during 0 ÷ 23h 50 min. 0 rtc workdays Use Energy Saving Cycle length during 0 + 24h 00 min. 0 rtc Use Energy Saving Cycle length during 0 + 23h 50 min. 0 rtc Use Energy Saving Cycle length during 0 + 23h 50 min. 0 rtc Use Energy Saving Cycle Start On Inc On Cycle C				1-0	
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Hd2* Second weekly holiday Sun÷ SAt – nu nu rtc ILE* Energy Saving cycle start during 0 ÷ 23h 50 min. 0 rtc workdays dLE* Energy Saving cycle length during 0 ÷ 24h 00 min. 0 rtc ISE* Energy Saving cycle length during 0 ÷ 23h 50 min. 0 rtc					
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workdays dLE* Energy Saving cycle length during 0 ÷ 24h 00 min. 0 rtc workdays ISE* Energy Saving cycle start on holidays 0 ÷ 23h 50 min. 0 rtc					
dLE* Energy Saving cycle length during 0 ÷ 24h 00 min. 0 workdays ISE* Energy Saving cycle start on holidays 0 ÷ 23h 50 min. 0 rtc			V - ZON OU HIIII.		110
workdays ISE* Energy Saving cycle start on holidays 0 ÷ 23h 50 min. 0 rtc	dLE*		0 ÷ 24h 00 min.	0	rtc
ISE* Energy Saving cycle start on holidays 0 ÷ 23h 50 min. 0 rtc		workdays			
dSE* Energy Saving cycle length on holidays 0 ÷ 24h 00 min. 0 rtc	ISE*	Energy Saving cycle start on holidays			rtc
	dSE*	Energy Saving cycle length on holidays	0 ÷ 24h 00 min.	0	rtc

Label	Name	Range	°C/°F	Level
Ld1*	1st workdays defrost start	0 ÷ 23h 50 min nu	6.0	rtc
Ld2*	2 nd workdays defrost start	0 ÷ 23h 50 min nu	13.0	rtc
Ld3*	3 rd workdays defrost start	0 ÷ 23h 50 min nu	21.0	rtc
Ld4*	4th workdays defrost start	0 ÷ 23h 50 min nu	0.0	rtc
Ld5*	5th workdays defrost start	0 ÷ 23h 50 min nu	0.0	rtc
Ld6*	6th workdays defrost start	0 ÷ 23h 50 min nu	0.0	rtc
Sd1*	1st holiday defrost start	0 ÷ 23h 50 min nu	6.0	rtc
Sd2*	2 nd holiday defrost start	0 ÷ 23h 50 min nu	13.0	rtc
Sd3*	3rd holiday defrost start	0 ÷ 23h 50 min nu	21.0	rtc
Sd4*	4th holiday defrost start	0 ÷ 23h 50 min nu	0.0	rtc
Sd5*	5 th holiday defrost start	0 ÷ 23h 50 min nu	0.0	rtc
Sd6*	6th holiday defrost start	0 ÷ 23h 50 min nu	0.0	rtc
Adr	Serial address	1÷247	1	Pr2
PbC	Kind of probe	Ptc; ntc	ntc	Pr2
onF	on/off key enabling	nu, oFF; ES	oFF	Pr2
dP1	Room probe display		-	Pr2
dP2	Evaporator probe display		-	Pr2
dP3	Third probe display		-	Pr2
dP4	Fourth probe display		-	Pr2
rSE	Real set	actual set	-	Pr2
rEL	Software release		1.8	Pr2
Ptb	Map code			Pr2

^{*} Only for model with real time clock 2 Only for XW60L with X-REP output

Dixell S.p.A. Z.I. Via dell'Industria, 27 32010 Pieve d'Alpago (BL) ITALY tel. +39 - 0437 - 98 33 - fax +39 - 0437 - 98 93 13 E-mail: dixell@dixell.com - http://www.dixell.com

Digital controller with off cycle defrost XW20LS

1. GENERAL WARNING

1.1 PLEASE READ BEFORE USING THIS MANUAL

- This manual is part of the product and should be kept near the instrument for easy and quick reference.
- The instrument shall not be used for purposes different from those described hereunder. It cannot be
 used as a safety device.
- · Check the application limits before proceeding.

1.2 A SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

- Check the supply voltage is correct before connecting the instrument.
- Do not expose to water or moisture: use the controller only within the operating limits avoiding sudden temperature changes with high atmospheric humidity to prevent formation of condensation
- Warning: disconnect all electrical connections before any kind of maintenance.
- Fit the probe where it is not accessible by the End User. The instrument must not be opened
- In case of failure or faulty operation send the instrument back to the distributor or to "Dixell S.p.A." (see address) with a detailed description of the fault.
- Consider the maximum current which can be applied to each relay (see Technical Data).
- Ensure that the wires for probes, loads and the power supply are separated and far enough from each other, without crossing or intertwining.
- In case of applications in industrial environments, the use of mains filters (our mod. FT1) in parallel with inductive loads could be useful.

2. GENERAL DESCRIPTION

Model XW20LS, format 38x185mm, is a digital thermostat with off cycle defrost designed for refrigeration applications at normal temperature. It has 2 relay outputs to control compressor and light. It could be provided with a Real Time Clock which allows programming of up to 6 daily defrost cycles, divided into holidays and workdays. A "Day and Night" function with two different set points is fitted for energy saving. It is also provided with up to 2 NTC or PTC probe inputs, the first one for temperature control, the second one, to be located onto the evaporator and to control the defrost termination temperature. The digital input can operate as third temperature probe, to signal the condenser temperature alarm or to display a temperature.

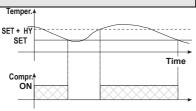
The HOT KEY output allows to connect the unit, by means of the external module XJ485-CX, to a network line **ModBUS-RTU** compatible such as the **dixcl** monitoring units of X-WEB family. It allows to program the controller by means the HOT KEY programming keyboard.

The instrument is fully configurable through special parameters that can be easily programmed through the keyboard.

3. CONTROLLING LOADS

3.1 COMPRESSOR

The regulation is performed according to the temperature measured by the thermostat probe with a positive differential from the set point: if the temperature increases and reaches set point plus differential the compressor is started and then turned off when the temperature reaches the set point value again.



In case of fault in the thermostat probe the start and stop of the compressor are timed through parameters "COn" and "COF".

3.2 DEFROST

Defrost is performed through a simple stop of the compressor. The defrost interval depends on the presence of the RTC (optional). If the RTC is present is controlled by means of parameter "EdF":

- with EdF=in the defrost is made every "IdF" time standard way for controller without RTC.
- with EdF = "rtc", the defrost is made in real time depending on the hours set in the parameters Ld1..Ld6 on workdays and in Sd1...Sd6 in holidays;

Other parameters are used to control defrost cycles: its maximum length (MdF) and two defrost modes: timed or controlled by the evaporator's probe (P2P).

4. FRONT PANEL COMMANDS

4.1 STANDARD FRONTAL PANEL



4.2 STEEL FINISHING



SET: To display target set point; in programming mode it selects a parameter or confirm an operation.

(DEF) To start a manual defrost

(UP): To see the max. stored temperature; in programming mode it browses the parameter codes or increases the displayed value.

(DOWN) To see the min stored temperature; in programming mode it browses the parameter codes or decreases the displayed value.



To switch the instrument off.

To switch the light.

KEY COMBINATIONS:

[®]△ + ♥ SET+ ♥

To lock & unlock the keyboard.

SET +

To enter in programming mode.

To return to the room temperature display.

4.3 USE OF LEDS

Each LED function is described in the following table

LED	MODE	FUNCTION
*	ON	Compressor enabled
*	Flashing	Anti-short cycle delay enabled
**	ON	Defrost enabled
*	Flashing	Drip time in progress
	ON	An alarm is occurring
(**)	ON	Continuous cycle is running
*	ON	Energy saving enabled
Ċ	ON	Light on
°C/°F	ON	Measurement unit
°C/°F	Flashing	Programming phase

5. MAX & MIN TEMPERATURE MEMORIZATION

5.1 HOW TO SEE THE MIN TEMPERATURE

- 2. The "Lo" message will be displayed followed by the minimum temperature recorded.
- 3. By pressing the ▼ key again or by waiting 5s the normal display will be restored.

5.2 HOW TO SEE THE MAX TEMPERATURE

- Press and release the A key
- 2. The "Hi" message will be displayed followed by the maximum temperature recorded.
- By pressing the A key again or by waiting 5s the normal display will be restored.

5.3 HOW TO RESET THE MAX AND MIN TEMPERATURE RECORDED

- Hold press the SET key for more than 3s, while the max. or min temperature is displayed. (rSt message will be displayed)
- To confirm the operation the "rSt" message starts blinking and the normal temperature will be displayed.

6. MAIN FUNCTIONS

6.1 $\,$ TO SET THE CURRENT TIME AND DAY (ONLY FOR INSTRUMENTS WITH RTC)

When the instrument is switched on, it's necessary to program the time and day.

- Enter the Pr1 programming menu, by pushing the SET + ▼ keys for 3s.
 - 2. The rtc parameter is displayed. Push the SET key to enter the real time clock menu.
- The Hur (hour) parameter is displayed.
- Push the SET and set current hour by the UP and Down keys, then push SET to confirm the value..
- 5. Repeat the same operations on the Min (minutes) and dAy (day) parameters.

To exit: Push SET+UP keys or wait for 15 sec without pushing any keys.

6.2 HOW TO SEE THE SET POINT



- Push and immediately release the SET key: the display will show the Set point value;
- Push and immediately release the SET key or wait for 5 seconds to

display the probe value again.

6.3 HOW TO CHANGE THE SET POINT

- 1. Push the SET key for more than 2 seconds to change the Set point value;
- 2. The value of the set point will be displayed and the "°C" or "°F" LED starts blinking;
- To memorise the new set point value push the SET key again or wait 10s.

6.4 HOW TO START A MANUAL DEFROST



Push the **DEF** key for more than 2 seconds and a manual defrost will start.

6.5 HOW TO CHANGE A PARAMETER VALUE

To change the parameter's value operate as follows:

- Enter the Programming mode by pressing the Set +

 keys for 3s (the "°C" or "°F" LED starts blinking).
- 2. Select the required parameter. Press the "SET" key to display its value

- Use "UP" or "DOWN" to change its value.
- Press "SET" to store the new value and move to the following parameter.

To exit: Press SET + UP or wait 15s without pressing a key.

NOTE: the set value is stored even when the procedure is exited by waiting the time-out to expire.

6.6 THE HIDDEN MENU

The hidden menu Includes all the parameters of the instrument

6.6.1 HOW TO ENTER THE HIDDEN MENU

- 1. Enter the Programming mode by pressing the Set + ▼ keys for 3s (the "°C" or "°F" LED starts blinkina).
- 2. Released the keys, then push again the Set+ v keys for more than 7s. The Pr2 label will be displayed immediately followed from the HY parameter.

NOW YOU ARE IN THE HIDDEN MENU.

- Select the required parameter
- Press the "SET" key to display its value
- 5. Use ▲ or ➤ to change its value.
- 6. Press "SET" to store the new value and move to the following parameter.

To exit: Press SET + A or wait 15s without pressing a key.

NOTE1: if none parameter is present in Pr1, after 3s the "noP" message is displayed. Keep the keys pushed till the Pr2 message is displayed.

NOTE2: the set value is stored even when the procedure is exited by waiting the time-out to expire

6.6.2 HOW TO MOVE A PARAMETER FROM THE HIDDEN MENU TO THE FIRST LEVEL AND VICEVERSA.

Each parameter present in the HIDDEN MENU can be removed or put into "THE FIRST LEVEL" (user level) by pressing "SET + ▼".

In HIDDEN MENU when a parameter is present in First Level the decimal point is on.

6.7 HOW TO LOCK THE KEYBOARD

- Keep pressed for more than 3 s the UP + DOWN keys.
- The "POF" message will be displayed and the keyboard will be locked. At this point it will be possible only to see the set point or the MAX o Min temperature stored
- If a key is pressed more than 3s the "POF" message will be displayed.

6.8 TO UNLOCK THE KEYBOARD

Keep pressed together for more than 3s the ▲ and ▼ keys, till the "Pon" message will be displayed.

6.9 THE CONTINUOUS CYCLE

When defrost is not in progress, it can be activated by holding the "A" key pressed for about 3 seconds. The compressor operates to maintain the "cc\$" set point for the time set through the "CCt" parameter. The cycle can be terminated before the end of the set time using the same activation key a " for 3 seconds.

6.10 THE ON/OFF FUNCTION



With "onF = oFF", pushing the ON/OFF key, the instrument is switched off. The "OFF" message is displayed. In this configuration, the regulation is disabled. To switch the instrument on, push again the ON/OFF key

WARNING: Loads connected to the normally closed contacts of the relays are always supplied and under voltage, even if the instrument is in stand by mode.

PARAMETERS

Real time clock menu (only for controller with RTC): to set the time and date and defrost start time

REGULATION

- Hy Differential: (0,1 ÷ 25,5°C / 1÷255 °F) Intervention differential for set point. Compressor Cut IN is Set Point + differential (Hy). Compressor Cut OUT is when the temperature reaches the set point.
- LS Minimum set point: (- 50°C÷SET/-58°F÷SET): Sets the minimum value for the set point.
- US Maximum set point: (SET+110°C/SET+230°F). Set the maximum value for set point.
- Ot Thermostat probe calibration: (-12.0÷12.0°C; -120÷120°F) allows to adjust possible offset of the thermostat probe.
- P2P Evaporator probe presence: n= not present: y= present:
 OE Evaporator probe calibration: (-12.0+12.0°C; -120+120°F). allows to adjust possible offset of the evaporator probe.
- P3P Third probe presence (P3): n= not present:, the terminals operate as digital input.; y= present:, the terminals operate as third probe.
- O3 Third probe calibration (P3): (-12.0÷12.0°C; -120÷120°F). allows to adjust possible offset of the third probe.
- OdS Outputs activation delay at start up: (0+255min) This function is enabled at the initial start up of the instrument and inhibits any output activation for the period of time set in the parameter. AC Anti-short cycle delay: (0÷50 min) minimum interval between the compressor stop and the
- following restart. Percentage of the second and first probe for regulation (0÷100; 100 = P1, 0 = P2): it
- allows to set the regulation according to the percentage of the first and second probe, as for the following formula (rtr(P1-P2)/100 + P2). CCt Compressor ON time during continuous cycle: (0.0÷24.0h; res. 10min) Allows to set the length of the continuous cycle: compressor stays on without interruption for the CCt time. Can be
- used, for instance, when the room is filled with new products. CCS Set point for continuous cycle: (-50÷150°C) it sets the set point used during the continuous
- COn Compressor ON time with faulty probe: (0÷255 min) time during which the compressor is active in case of faulty thermostat probe. With COn=0 compressor is always OFF
- COF Compressor OFF time with faulty probe: (0+255 min) time during which the compressor is OFF in case of faulty thermostat probe. With COF=0 compressor is always active.
- CH Type of action: CL = cooling; Ht = heating.

DISPLAY

- Temperature measurement unit: °C=Celsius; °F=Fahrenheit. WARNING: When the measurement unit is changed the SET point and the values of the parameters Hy, LS, US, Ot, ALU and ALL have to be checked and modified if necessary).
- rES Resolution (for °C): (in = 1°C; dE = 0.1 °C) allows decimal point display.

 Lod Instrument display: (P1; P2, P3, P4, SET, dtr): it selects which probe is displayed by the instrument: P1 = Thermostat probe; P2 = Evaporator probe; P3 = Third probe(only for model with this option enabled); P4 = NOT SET IT, SET = set point; dtr = percentage of visualization.
- rEd X- REP display (optional): (P1; P2, P3, P4, SET, dtr): it selects which probe is displayed by X-REP: P1 = Thermostat probe; P2 = Evaporator probe; P3 = Third probe(only for model with this option enabled); P4 = NOT SET IT, SET = set point; dtr = percentage of visualization.
- Display delay: (0 ÷20.0m; resul. 10s) when the temperature increases, the display is updated of 1 °C/1°F after this time.
- Percentage of the second and first probe for visualization when Lod = dtr (0÷100; 100 = P1, 0 = P2): if Lod = dtr it allows to set the visualization according to the percentage of the first and second probe, as for the following formula (dtr(P1-P2)/100 + P2).

DEFROST

- EdF Defrost mode (only for controller with RTC): rtc = Real Time Clock mode. Defrost time follows Ld1÷Ld6 parameters on workdays and Sd1÷Sd6 on holidays. in = interval mode. The defrost starts when the time "ldf" is expired.
- dFP Probe selection for defrost termination: nP = no probe; P1 =thermostat probe; P2 = evaporator probe; P3 =configurable probe; P4 = NOT SET IT.
- dtE Defrost termination temperature: (-50÷50 °C/ -58÷122°F) (Enabled only when EdF=Pb) sets the temperature measured by the evaporator probe, which causes the end of defrost.
- Interval between defrost cycles: (0÷120h) Determines the time interval between the beginning of two defrost cycles.
- (Maximum) length for defrost: (0÷255min) When P2P = n, (not evaporator probe: timed defrost) it sets the defrost duration, when P2P = y (defrost end based on temperature) it sets the maximum length for defrost.
- dFd Temperature displayed during defrost: (rt = real temperature; it = temperature at defrost start; SEt = set point; dEF = "dEF" label)
- dAd MAX display delay after defrost: (0÷255min). Sets the maximum time between the end of defrost and the restarting of the real room temperature display.

ALP Probe selection for alarm: nP = no probe, the temperature alarms are disabled; P1 = Probe 1 (Thermostat probe); P2 = Probe 2 (evaporator probe); P3 = Probe 3 (display probe); P4 = NOT SET IT.

ALC Temperature alarms configuration: (Ab; rE)

Ab= absolute temperature: alarm temperature is given by the ALL or ALU values. rE = temperature alarms are referred to the set point. Temperature alarm is enabled when the temperature exceeds the "SET+ALU" or "SET-ALL" values

- ALU MAXIMUM temperature alarm: (SET÷110°C; SET÷230°F) when this temperature is reached the alarm is enabled, after the "ALd" delay time
- ALL Minimum temperature alarm: (-50.0 ÷ SET °C; -58÷230°F when this temperature is reached the alarm is enabled, after the "ALd" delay time.
- AFH Differential for temperature alarm recovery: (0,1÷25,5°C; 1÷45°F) Intervention differential for recovery of temperature alarm.
- ALd Temperature alarm delay: (0÷255 min) time interval between the detection of an alarm condition and alarm signalling.
- dAo Exclusion of temperature alarm at start-up: (from 0.0 min to 23.5h) time interval between the detection of the temperature alarm condition after instrument power on and alarm signalling

CONDENSER TEMPERATURE ALARM

- AP2 Probe selection for temperature alarm of condenser: nP = no probe; P1 =thermostat probe; P2 = evaporator probe; P3 =configurable probe; P4 = NOT SET IT.
- AL2 Low temperature alarm of condenser: (-55÷150°C) when this temperature is reached the LA2 alarm is signalled, possibly after the Ad2 delay.
- Au2 High temperature alarm of condenser: (-55÷150°C) when this temperature is reached the HA2 alarm is signalled, possibly after the Ad2 delay.
- AH2 Differential for temperature condenser alarm recovery: (0,1÷25,5°C; 1÷45°F)
- Ad2 Condenser temperature alarm delay: (0÷255 min) time interval between the detection of the condenser alarm condition and alarm signalling.
- dA2 Condenser temperature alarm exclusion at start up: (from 0.0 min to 23.5h, res. 10min)
- bLL Compressor off with low temperature alarm of condenser: n = no: compressor keeps on working; Y = yes, compressor is switched off till the alarm is present, in any case regulation restarts after AC time at minimum.
- AC2 Compressor off with high temperature alarm of condenser: n = no: compressor keeps on working; Y = yes, compressor is switched off till the alarm is present, in any case regulation restarts after AC time at minimum.

DIGITAL INPUT

- i1P Digital input polarity: oP: the digital input is activated by opening the contact; CL: the digital input is activated by closing the contact.
- i1F Digital input configuration: EAL= external alarm: "EA" message is displayed; bAL= serious alarm "CA" message is displayed. PAL= pressure switch alarm, "CA" message is displayed; dor= door switch function; dEF= activation of a defrost cycle; AUS=not enabled; Htr= kind of action inversion (cooling – heating); FAn= not set it; ES= Energy saving; HdF = Holiday defrost (enable only with RTC); onF = to switch the controller off.
- did (0÷255 min) with i1F= EAL or i1F = bAL digital input alarm delay (1-3): delay between the detection of the external alarm condition and its signalling.
 - with i1F= dor: door open signalling delay
 - with i1F= PAL: time for pressure switch function: time interval to calculate the number of the pressure switch activation.
- nPS Pressure switch number: (0 \pm 15) Number of activation of the pressure switch, during the "did" interval, before signalling the alarm event (i1F= PAL)
 - If the nPS activation in the did time is reached, switch off and on the instrument to restart normal regulation.
- Compressor status when open door: no, Fan = normal; CPr, F_C = Compressor OFF.
- Outputs restart after doA alarm: no= outputs not affected by the doA alarm; yES = outputs restart with the doA alarm
- HES Temperature increase during the Energy Saving cycle:

(-30,0°C÷30,0°C) it sets the increasing value of the set point during the Energy Saving cycle

TO SET CURRENT TIME AND WEEKLY HOLIDAYS (ONLY FOR MODELS WITH RTC)

Current hour (0 ÷ 23 h)

Min Current minute (0 ÷ 59min)

- Current day (Sun ÷ SAt)
- Hd1 First weekly holiday (Sun ÷ nu) Set the first day of the week which follows the holiday times
- H_d2 Second weekly holiday (Sun ÷ nu) Set the second day of the week which follows the holiday times
- Hd1.Hd2 can be set also as "nu" value (Not Used) N.B

TO SET ENERGY SAVING TIMES (ONLY FOR MODELS WITH RTC)

- ILE Energy Saving cycle start during workdays: (0 ÷ 23h 50 min.) During the Energy Saving cycle the set point is increased by the value in HES so that the set point is SET + HES
- Energy Saving cycle length during workdays: (0 ÷ 24h 00 min.) Sets the duration of the Energy Saving cycle on workdays.
- ISE Energy Saving cycle start on holidays. (0 ÷ 23h 50 min.)
- Energy Saving cycle length on holidays (0 ÷ 24h 00 min.)

TO SET DEFROST TIMES (ONLY FOR MODELS WITH RTC)

- Ld1÷Ld6 Workday defrost start (0 ÷ 23h 50 min.) These parameters set the beginning of the 6 programmable defrost cycles during workdays. Ex. When Ld2 = 12.4 the second defrost starts at 12.40 during workdays.
- Sd1+Sd6 Holiday defrost start (0 + 23h 50 min.) These parameters set the beginning of the 6 programmable defrost cycles on holidays. Ex. When Sd2 = 3.4 the second defrost starts at
 - N.B. : To disable a defrost cycle set it to "nu" (not used). Ex. If Ld6=nu; the sixth defrost cycle is disabled

OTHER

- Adr Serial address (1÷244): Identifies the instrument address when connected to a ModBUS compatible monitoring system.
- PbC Type of probe: it allows to set the kind of probe used by the instrument: PbC = PBC probe, ntc = NTC probe
- onF on/off key enabling: nu = disabled; oFF = enabled; ES = not set it. dP1 Thermostat probe display
- dP2 Evaporator probe display
- dP3 Third probe display- optional.
- rSE Real set point: it shows the set point used during the energy saving cycle or during the continuous cycle
- rFI Software release for internal use.
- Ptb Parameter table code: readable only.

DIGITAL INPUT (ENABLED ONLY IF P3P = N)

GENERIC ALARM (i1F = EAL)

As soon as the digital input is activated the unit will wait for "did" time delay before signalling the "EAL" alarm message. The outputs status don't change. The alarm stops just after the digital input is de-activated.

SERIOUS ALARM MODE (i1F = bAL) 8.2

When the digital input is activated, the unit will wait for "did" delay before signalling the "CA" alarm message. The relay outputs are switched OFF. The alarm will stop as soon as the digital input is de-

8.3 PRESSURE SWITCH (i1F = PAL)

If during the interval time set by "did" parameter, the pressure switch has reached the number of activation of the "nPS" parameter, the "CA" pressure alarm message will be displayed. The compressor and the regulation are stopped. When the digital input is ON the compressor is always OFF. If the nPS activation in the did time is reached, switch off and on the instrument to restart normal regulation

8.4 DOOR SWITCH INPUT (i1F = dor)

It signals the door status and the corresponding relay output status through the "odc" parameter: no, Fan = normal (any change); CPr, F_C = Compressor OFF.

Since the door is opened, after the delay time set through parameter "did", the door alarm is enabled, the display shows the message "dA" and the regulation restarts is rtr = yES. The alarm stops as soon as the external digital input is disabled again. With the door open, the high and low temperature alarms are disabled.

8.5 START DEFROST (i1F = dEF)

It starts a defrost if there are the right conditions. After the defrost is finished, the normal regulation will restart only if the digital input is disabled otherwise the instrument will wait until the "MdF

8.6 INVERSION OF THE KIND OF ACTION: HEATING-COOLING (i1F =Htr)

This function allows to invert the regulation of the controller: from cooling to heating and viceversa.

8.7 ENERGY SAVING (i1F = ES)

The Energy Saving function allows to change the set point value as the result of the SET+ HES (parameter) sum. This function is enabled until the digital input is activated

8.8 HOLIDAY DEFROST (i1F = HDF) -ONLY FOR MODELS WITH RTC

This function enabled the holiday defrost setting

8.9 ON OFF FUNCTION (i1F = onF)

To switch the controller on and off

DIGITAL INPUTS POLARITY

The digital input polarity depends on the "i1P" parameter.

i1P =CL: the input is activated by closing the contact.

i1P =OP: the input is activated by opening the contact

9. TTL SERIAL LINE - FOR MONITORING SYSTEMS

The TTL serial line, available through the HOT KEY connector, allows by means of the external TTL/RS485 converter, XJ485-CX, to connect the instrument to a monitoring system ModBUS-RTU compatible such as the X-WEB500/3000/300.

X-REP OUTPUT – OPTIONAL

As optional, an X-REP can be connected to the instrument, trough the HOY KEY connector. The X-REP output **EXCLUDES** the serial connection.



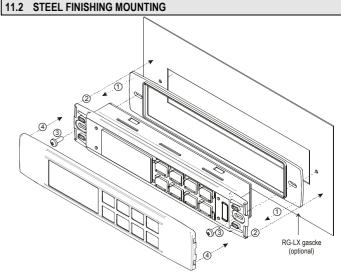
To connect the X-REP to the instrument the following connectors must be used CAB-51F(1m), CAB-52F(2m), CAB-55F(5m),

INSTALLATION AND MOUNTING

Ø3 x2

The controller XW20LS, shall be mounted on vertical panel, in a 150x31 mm hole, and fixed using two screws \varnothing 3 x 2mm. To obtain an IP65 protection grade use the front panel rubber gasket (mod. RG-L). The temperature range allowed for correct operation is 0 - 60 °C. Avoid places subject to strong vibrations, corrosive gases, excessive dirt or humidity. The same recommendations apply to probes. Let the air circulate by the cooling holes.

11.1 CUT OUT 165 +1 150 +0.5



12. ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS

The instruments are provided with screw terminal block to connect cables with a cross section up to 2,5 mm² for the digital and analogue inputs. Relays and power supply have a Faston connection (6,3mm). Heat-resistant cables have to be used. Before connecting cables make sure the power supply complies with the instrument's requirements. Separate the probe cables from the power supply cables, from the outputs and the power connections. Do not exceed the maximum current allowed on each relay, in case of heavier loads use a suitable external relay

N.B. Maximum current allowed for all the loads is 20A.

12.1 PROBE CONNECTION

The probes shall be mounted with the bulb upwards to prevent damages due to casual liquid infiltration. It is recommended to place the thermostat probe away from air streams to correctly measure the average room temperature. Place the defrost termination probe among the evaporator fins in the coldest place, where most ice is formed, far from heaters or from the warmest place during defrost, to prevent premature defrost termination

HOW TO USE THE HOT KEY

HOW TO PROGRAM A HOT KEY FROM THE INSTRUMENT (UPLOAD)

- Program one controller with the front keypad.
- 2 When the controller is \underline{ON} , insert the "Hot key" and push \blacktriangle key; the "uPL" message appears followed a by flashing "End"
- Push "SET" key and the End will stop flashing.
- Turn OFF the instrument remove the "Hot Key", then turn it ON again.

NOTE: the "Err" message is displayed for failed programming. In this case push again A key if you want to restart the upload again or remove the "Hot key" to abort the operation

13.2 HOW TO PROGRAM AN INSTRUMENT USING A HOT KEY (DOWNLOAD)

- Turn OFF the instrument.
- Insert a programmed "Hot Key" into the 5 PIN receptacle and then turn the Controller ON

- Automatically the parameter list of the "Hot Key" is downloaded into the Controller memory the "doL" message is blinking followed a by flashing "End".
- After 10 seconds the instrument will restart working with the new parameters.
- Remove the "Hot Key".

NOTE the message "Err" is displayed for failed programming. In this case turn the unit off and then on if you want to restart the download again or remove the "Hot key" to abort the operation.

14. ALA	RM SIGNALS	
Message	Cause	Outputs
"P1"	Room probe failure	Compressor output acc. to par. "Con" and "COF"
"P2"	Evaporator probe failure	Defrost end is timed
"P3"	Third probe failure	Outputs unchanged
"HA"	Maximum temperature alarm	Outputs unchanged.
"LA"	Minimum temperature alarm	Outputs unchanged.
"HA2"	Condenser high temperature	It depends on the "Ac2" parameter
"LA2"	Condenser low temperature	It depends on the "bLL" parameter
"dA"	Door open	Compressor and fans restarts
"EA"	External alarm	Output unchanged.
"CA"	Serious external alarm (i1F=bAL)	All outputs OFF.
"CA"	Pressure switch alarm (i1F=PAL)	All outputs OFF
"rtc"	Real time clock alarm	Alarm output ON; Other outputs unchanged; Defrosts according to par. "IdF" Set real time clock has to be set
rtF	Real time clock board failure	Alarm output ON; Other outputs unchanged; Defrosts according to par. "IdF" Contact the service

14.1 SILENCING BUZZER / ALARM RELAY OUTPUT

If "tbA = y", the buzzer and the relay are is silenced by pressing any key

If "tbA = n", only the buzzer is silenced while the alarm relay is on until the alarm condition recovers.

14.2 ALARM RECOVERY

Probe alarms P1", "P2", "P3" start some seconds after the fault in the related probe; they automatically stop some seconds after the probe restarts normal operation. Check connections before replacing the probe.

Temperature alarms "HA", "LA" "HA2" and "LA2" automatically stop as soon as the temperature returns to normal values.

Alarms "EA" and "CA" (with i1F=bAL) recover as soon as the digital input is disabled. Alarm "CA" (with i1F=PAL) recovers only by switching off and on the instrument.

14.3	OTHER MESSAGES
Pon	Keyboard unlocked.
PoF	Keyboard locked
noP	In programming mode: none parameter is present in Pr1
	On the display or in dP2, dP3, dP4: the selected probe is nor enabled

TECHNICAL DATA

Housing: self extinguishing ABS Case: facia 38x185 mm; depth 48mm

Mounting : panel mounting in a 150x31 mm panel cut-out with two screws. \varnothing 3 x 2mm.

Distance between the holes 165mm

Protection: IP20; Frontal protection: IP65 with frontal gasket mod RG-L. (optional) Connections: Screw terminal block ≤ 2,5 mm² heat-resistant wiring and 6,3mm Faston Power supply: 230Vac or. 110Vac or 24Vac ± 10%; Power absorption: 5VA max. Display: 3 digits, red LED, 14,2 mm high; Inputs: Up to 3 NTC or PTC probes.

Digital input: 1 free voltage

Relay outputs: Total current on loads MAX. 20A compressor: relay SPST 20(8) A, 250Vac

light: relay SPST 7 A, 250Vac

Other output: buzzer (optional)

Serial output: TTL standard; Communication protocol: Modbus - RTU Data storing: on the non-volatile memory (EEPROM). Internal clock back-up: 24 hours (only for model with RTC) Kind of action: 1B; Pollution grade: 2; Software class: A.; Rated impulsive voltage: 2500V; Over voltage Category: II Operating temperature: 0÷60 °C; Storage temperature: -30÷85 °C.

Relative humidity: 20÷85% (no condensing)

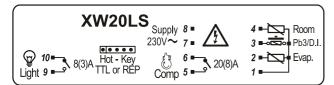
Measuring and regulation range: NTC probe: -40÷110°C (-40÷230°F);

PTC probe: -50÷150°C (-58÷302°F)

Resolution: 0,1 °C or 1 °C or 1 °F (selectable); Accuracy (ambient temp. 25°C): ±0,7 °C ±1 digit

16. CONNECTIONS

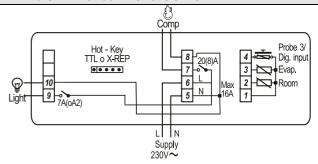
16.1 XW20LS - DRY CONTACTS



Supply: 120Vac or 24Vac: connect to terminals 7-8

The X-REP output is optional

16.2 XW20LS - DIRECT CONNECTIONS OF LOAD



Supply: 120Vac or 24Vac: connect to terminals 5-6

The X-REP o	itput is	optional
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obe robe	Range LS+US -0.1+25.5°C/ 1+ 255°F -50°C+SET/-58°F+SET SET+110°C/ SET + 230°F -12+12°C /-120+120°F n=not present; Y=pres12+12°C /-120+120°F n=not present; Y=pres12+12°C /-120+120°F 0+255 min 0 + 50 min 0 + 50 min 0 + 50 min 0 + 50 min 0 + 100 (100=P1, 0=P2) 0.0+24.0h (-55.0+150.0°C) (-67+302°F) 0 + 255 min 0 + 255 min 0 + 255 min 0 + 255 min 10 + 255 min 0 + 255 min 0 + 255 min 0 + 255 min 0 + 255 min 10 + 255 min 11 + 99 11 + 12 + 12 + 12 + 12 + 12 + 12 + 12 +	°C/°F 3.0 2.0 -50.0 110 0.0 Y 0.0 0 1 1 00 0 1 1 00 0 1 1 00 0 0 0 1 1 00 0 0 0 1 1 00 0 0 0 1 1 00 0 0 0 1 1 00 0 0 0 1 1 00 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Level Leve
robe	0,1÷25.5°C/1÷255°F -50°C÷SET/-58°F÷SET -50°C÷SET/-58°F÷SET SET+110°C/SET+230°F -12÷12°C/-120÷120°F n=not present; Y=pres12÷12°C/-120÷120°F n=not present; Y=pres12÷12°C/-120÷120°F 0÷255 min 0÷50 + 100 (100=P1, 0=P2) 0.0÷24.0h (-55.0÷150,0°C) (-67÷302°F) 0÷255 min 0÷255 min 0÷255 min 0÷255 min 10÷255 min 0÷255 min 0÷255 min 0÷255 min 11;P2;P3;P4 -50÷50°C 1÷120 ore 0÷255 min rt, it, SEt, DEF 0÷255 min nP; P1; P2; P3; P4 rE= related to set;	2.0 -50.0 110 0.0 7 0.0 n 0 1 100 0.0 3.0 15 30 cL °C dE P1 P1 0.0 50 in nP 3 8 20 it 30 P1	Pr1 Pr1 Pr2
robe	-50°C+SET/-58°F+SET SET+110°C/ SET+ 230°F -12+12°C /-120+120°F n=not present; Y=pres12+12°C /-120+120°F n=not present; Y=pres12+12°C /-120+120°F 0+255 min 0 + 50 min 0 + 100 (100=P1, 0=P2) 0.0+24.0h (-55.0+150,0°C) (-67+302°F) 0 + 255 min 1	-50.0 110 0.0 110 0.0 Y 0.0 0 0 1 100 0.0 3.0 15 30 cL °C dE P1 P1 0.0 50 in nP 3 8 8 20 it 30 P1	Pr2 Pr3 Pr4 Pr1 Pr1 Pr1 Pr2
robe	SET+110°C/SET+230°F -12+12°C/-120+120°F n=not present; Y=pres12+12°C/-120+120°F n=not present; Y=pres12+12°C/-120+120°F n=not present; Y=pres12+12°C/-120+120°F 0+255 min 0 + 50 min 0 + 50 min 0 + 100 (100=P1, 0=P2) 0.0+24.0h (-55.0+150.0°C) (-67+302°F) 0 + 255 min 1 + 120 ore 0 + 255 min 1 + 120 ore 0 + 255 min 1 + 15, EL, DEF 0 + 255 min 1 + 17, P2; P3; P4 -150 + 17, P2; P3; P4	110 0.0 Y 0.0 0 0 1 0 0 1 100 0.0 3.0 15 30 cL P1 P1 0.0 50 in nP 3 8 20 it 30 P1	Pr2 Pr1 Pr1 Pr2
robe	-12÷12°C /-120÷120°F n=not present; Y=pres12÷12°C /-120÷120°F n=not present; Y=pres12÷12°C /-120÷120°F 0+255 min 0 ÷ 50 min 0 ÷ 50 min 0 ÷ 100 (100=P1, 0=P2) 0.0÷24.0h (-55.0÷150,0°C) (-67÷302°F) 0 ÷ 255 min 0 ÷ 255 min 0 ÷ 255 min 0 ÷ 255 min 10 ÷ 255 min 11 ÷ 10 ÷ 10 ÷ 10 ÷ 10 ÷ 10 ÷ 10 ÷ 10 ÷	0.0 Y 0.0 n 0 0 1 1000 3.0 15 30 cL P1 P1 0.0 50 in nP 3 8 20 it 30 P1	Pr1 Pr1 Pr2 Pr2 Pr2 Pr2 Pr3 Pr4 Pr5 Pr2 Pr2 Pr2 Pr2 Pr2 Pr2 Pr2 Pr2 Pr3 Pr4 Pr2 Pr4 Pr4 Pr2 Pr4 Pr4 Pr5 Pr6 Pr7
robe	n=not present; Y=pres12÷12°C /-120÷120°F n=not present; Y=pres12÷12°C /-120÷120°F 0÷255 min 0÷50 min 0÷50 min 0÷50 min 0÷50 min 0÷50 min 0÷50,0°C) (-67÷302°F) 0÷255 min 10÷255 min 11±00 min (10 sec.) 1÷99 11±00 min (10 sec.) 1÷99 11±00 min (10 sec.) 1÷99 11±120 ore 0÷255 min 11±120 ore 0÷255 min 11±120 ore 0÷255 min 11±120 re	Y 0.0 n 0 0 1 100 0.0 3.0 cL °C dE P1 P1 0.0 50 in nP 3 8 20 it 30 P1	Pr1 Pr2
robe	-12÷12°C /-120÷120°F n=not present; Y=pres12÷12°C /-120÷120°F 0+255 min 0 ÷ 50 min 0 ÷ 100 (100=P1 , 0=P2) 0.0÷24.0h (-55.0+150,0°C) (-67÷302°F) 0 ÷ 255 min 10 ÷ 255 min 0 ÷ 255 min 1 † 30 ÷ 20 min (10 sec.) 1 ÷ 99 1 rt ÷in nP; P1; P2; P3; P4 -50 ÷ 50 °C 1 ÷ 120 ore 0 ÷ 255 min 1 rt, it, SEt, DEF 0 ÷ 255 min nP; P1; P2; P3; P4 rE= related to set;	0.0 n 0 0 1 100 0.0 3.0 15 30 cL cC dE P1 P1 0.0 50 in nP 3 8 20 it 30 P1	Pr2 Pr2 Pr2 Pr2 Pr2 Pr3 Pr2 Pr2 Pr3 Pr2 Pr2 Pr2 Pr2 Pr2 Pr2 Pr3 Pr2
robe	n=not present; Y=pres. -12÷12°C /-120÷120°F 0+255 min 0 ÷ 50 min 0 ÷ 100 (100=P1 , 0=P2) 0.0+24.0h (-55.0+150,0°C) (-67+302°F) 0 ÷ 255 min 0 ÷ 255 min 0 ÷ 255 min 0 ÷ 255 min cL+Ht °C ÷ °F in=integer; dE= dec.point P1;P2 P1 = P2 = P4 = SEt = dtr 0 ÷ 20.0 min (10 sec.) 1 ÷ 99 rtc ÷in nP; P1; P2; P3; P4 -50 ÷ 50 °C 1 ÷ 120 ore 0 ÷ 255 min rt, it, SEt, DEF 0 ÷ 255 min nP; P1; P2; P3; P4 rE= related to set;	n 0 0 0 1 1 1 100 0.0 3.0 15 30 CL °C dE P1 P1 0.0 50 in nP 3 8 8 20 it 30 P1	Pr2 Pr2 Pr3 Pr2 Pr1 Pr2 Pr2 Pr2 Pr2 Pr2 Pr3 Pr2 Pr3 Pr4 Pr2 Pr4 Pr2 Pr2 Pr3 Pr4 Pr4 Pr2 Pr2 Pr2 Pr4 Pr4 Pr4 Pr4 Pr7
robe	-12÷12°C /-120÷120°F 0÷255 min 0÷255 min 0÷50 min 0÷50 min 0÷50.0+120.0h (-55.0+150.0°C) (-67÷302°F) 0÷255 min 0÷255 min 0÷255 min 0+255 min 1+192 min (10 sec.) 1+99 1+10 min (10 sec.) 1+99 1+10 min (10 sec.) 1+99 1+10 min (10 sec.)	0 0 1 100 0.0 3.0 15 30 cL °C dE P1 0.0 50 in nP 3 8 20 it 30 P1	Pr2 Pr2 Pr3 Pr2 Pr2 Pr2 Pr2 Pr2 Pr2 Pr2 Pr3 Pr4 Pr2 Pr2 Pr4 Pr2 Pr2 Pr2 Pr2 Pr2 Pr3 Pr4 Pr4 Pr4 Pr4 Pr4 Pr4 Pr7
robe	0+255 min 0 + 50 min 0 + 100 (100=P1, 0=P2) 0.0+24.0h (-55.0+150.0°C) (-67+302°F) 0 + 255 min 0 + 255 min 0 + 255 min cL+Ht °C + °F in=integer; dE = dec.point P1;P2 P1 - P2 - P3 - P4 - SEt - dtr 0 + 20.0 min (10 sec.) 1 + 99 rtc + in nP; P1; P2; P3; P4 -50 + 50 °C 1 + 120 ore 0 + 255 min rt, it, SEt, DEF 0 + 255 min nP; P1; P2; P3; P4 rE= related to set;	0 1 100 0.0 3.0 3.0 cL °C dE P1 P1 0.0 50 in nP 3 8 20 it 30 P1	Pr2 Pr1 Pr2 Pr2 Pr2 Pr2 Pr2 Pr2 Pr2 Pr2 Pr1 Pr2
robe	0 ÷ 50 min 0 ÷ 100 (100=P1, 0=P2) 0.0+24.0h (-55.0+150,0°C) (-67+302°F) 0 ÷ 255 min 0 ÷ 255 min cL+Ht °C + °F in=integer; dE= dec.point P1:P2 P1 - P2 - P3 - P4 - SEt - dtr 0 + 20.0 min (10 sec.) 1 + 99 rtc +in nP; P1; P2; P3; P4 -50 ÷ 50 °C 1 ÷ 120 ore 0 ÷ 255 min rt, it, SEt, DEF 0 + 255 min nP; P1; P2; P3; P4 rE= related to set;	1 100 0.0 3.0 15 30 cL °C dE P1 P1 0.0 50 in nP 3 8 20 it 30 P1	Pr1 Pr2 Pr2 Pr2 Pr2 Pr3 Pr4 Pr2 Pr2 Pr1 Pr2 Pr2 Pr2 Pr2 Pr2 Pr2 Pr2 Pr2 Pr1 Pr1 Pr1 Pr1 Pr2 Pr2 Pr2 Pr2 Pr2 Pr1 Pr1 Pr1 Pr2
robe	0 ÷ 100 (100=P1 , 0=P2) 0.0+24.0h (-55.0+150,0°C) (-67+302°F) 0 ÷ 255 min cL+Ht °C ÷ °F in=integer; dE= dec.point P1;P2 P1 – P2 – P3 – P4 – SEt – dtr 0 ÷ 20.0 min (10 sec.) 1 ÷ 99 rtc +in nP; P1; P2; P3; P4 -50 ÷ 50 °C 1 ÷ 120 ore 0 ÷ 255 min rt, it, SEt, DEF 0 + 255 min nP; P1; P2; P3; P4 rE= related to set;	100 0.0 3.0 15 30 cL °C dE P1 0.0 50 in nP 3 8 20 it 30 P1	Pr2 Pr2 Pr2 Pr2 Pr2 Pr3 Pr2 Pr3 Pr4 Pr4 Pr2 Pr2 Pr2 Pr2 Pr2 Pr2 Pr2 Pr3 Pr4 Pr1 Pr1 Pr2 Pr2 Pr2 Pr2 Pr2 Pr3 Pr3 Pr4 Pr4 Pr6 Pr7 Pr7 Pr7 Pr7 Pr7 Pr7
robe	0.0÷24.0h (-55.0÷150,0°C) (-67÷302°F) 0÷255 min 0÷255 min 0÷255 min cL+Ht °C + °F in=integer; dE= dec.point P1;P2 P1 - P2 - P3 - P4 - SEt - dtr 0 + 20.0 min (10 sec.) 1 + 99 rtc +in nP; P1; P2; P3; P4 -50 + 50 °C 1 + 120 ore 0 + 255 min rt, it, SEt, DEF 0 + 255 min nP; P1; P2; P3; P4 rE= related to set;	0.0 3.0 15 30 cL °C dE P1 P1 0.0 50 in nP 3 8 20 it 30 P1	Pr2 Pr2 Pr2 Pr2 Pr2 Pr1 Pr2 Pr1 Pr2 Pr1 Pr2 Pr2 Pr2 Pr2 Pr2 Pr2 Pr2 Pr2 Pr2 Pr1 Pr1 Pr1 Pr1 Pr2 Pr2 Pr2 Pr2 Pr2 Pr2 Pr2 Pr2 Pr2 Pr3
robe	(-55.0+150,0°C) (-67+302°F) 0 ÷ 255 min 0 ÷ 255 min cL+Ht °C ÷ °F in=integer; dE= dec.point P1;P2 P1 – P2 – P3 – P4 – SEt – dtr 0 + 20.0 min (10 sec.) 1 + 99 rtc ÷in nP; P1; P2; P3; P4 -50 ÷ 50 °C 1 ÷ 120 ore 0 ÷ 255 min rt, it, SEt, DEF 0 ÷ 255 min nP; P1; P2; P3; P4 rE= related to set;	3.0 15 30 cL °C dE P1 P1 0.0 50 in nP 3 8 20 it 30 P1	Pr2
robe	0 ÷ 255 min 0 ÷ 255 min cL+Ht °C ÷ °F in=integer; dE= dec.point P1;P2 P1 – P2 – P3 – P4 – SEt – dtr 0 ÷ 20.0 min (10 sec.) 1 + 99 rtc +in nP; P1; P2; P3; P4 -50 ÷ 50 °C 1 ÷ 120 ore 0 ÷ 255 min rt, it, SEt, DEF 0 + 255 min nP; P1; P2; P3; P4 rE= related to set;	15 30 cL °C dE P1 P1 0.0 in nP 3 8 20 it 30 P1	Pr2 Pr2 Pr1 Pr2 Pr1 Pr2
robe	0 ÷ 255 min cL+Ht °C + °F in=integer; dE= dec.point P1;P2 P1 - P2 - P3 - P4 - SEt - dtr 0 + 20.0 min (10 sec.) 1 + 99 rtc +in nP; P1; P2; P3; P4 -50 ÷ 50 °C 1 ÷ 120 ore 0 ÷ 255 min rt, it, SEt, DEF 0 + 255 min nP; P1; P2; P3; P4 rE= related to set;	30 cL °C dE P1 0.0 50 in nP 3 8 20 it 30 P1	Pr2 Pr1 Pr2 Pr1 Pr2 Pr2 Pr2 Pr2 Pr2 Pr2 Pr2 Pr2 Pr2 Pr1 Pr1 Pr1 Pr1 Pr2 Pr2
	cL+Ht °C ÷ °F in=integer, dE= dec.point P1;P2 P1 - P2 - P3 - P4 - SEt - dtr 0 + 20.0 min (10 sec.) 1 ÷ 99 rtc +in nP; P1; P2; P3; P4 -50 ÷ 50 °C 1 ÷ 120 ore 0 ÷ 255 min rt, it, SEt, DEF 0 + 255 min nP; P1; P2; P3; P4 rE= related to set;	cL °C dE P1 P1 0.0 50 in nP 3 8 20 it 30 P1	Pr1 Pr2 Pr1 Pr2 Pr2 Pr2 Pr2 Pr2 Pr2 Pr1 Pr1 Pr1 Pr1 Pr1 Pr2 Pr2 Pr2 Pr2
tion	°C ÷ °F in=integer; dE= dec.point P1:P2 P1 - P2 - P3 - P4 - SEt - dtr 0 + 20.0 min (10 sec.) 1 ÷ 99 rtc +in nP; P1; P2; P3; P4 -50 ÷ 50 °C 1 ÷ 120 ore 0 ÷ 255 min rt, it, SEt, DEF 0 ÷ 255 min nP; P1; P2; P3; P4 rE= related to set;	°C dE P1 P1 0.0 50 in nP 3 8 20 it 30 P1	Pr2 Pr1 Pr2 Pr2 Pr2 Pr2 Pr2 Pr2 Pr1 Pr1 Pr1 Pr1 Pr2 Pr2 Pr2 Pr2 Pr1 Pr1 Pr1
tion	in=integer; dE= dec.point P1;P2 P1 - P2 - P3 - P4 - SEt - dtr 0 + 20.0 min (10 sec.) 1 + 99 rtc +in nP; P1; P2; P3; P4 -50 + 50 °C 1 + 120 ore 0 + 255 min rt, it, SEt, DEF 0 + 255 min nP; P1; P2; P3; P4 rE= related to set;	dE P1 P1 0.0 50 in nP 3 8 20 it 30 P1	Pr1 Pr2 Pr2 Pr2 Pr2 Pr2 Pr2 Pr1 Pr1 Pr1 Pr1 Pr2 Pr2 Pr2
tion	P1;P2 P1 - P2 - P3 - P4 - SEt - dtr 0 + 20.0 min (10 sec.) 1 + 99 rtc +in nP; P1; P2; P3; P4 -50 ÷ 50 °C 1 ÷ 120 ore 0 ÷ 255 min rt, it, SEt, DEF 0 + 255 min nP; P1; P2; P3; P4 rE= related to set;	P1 P1 0.0 50 in nP 3 8 20 it 30 P1	Pr2 Pr2 Pr2 Pr2 Pr2 Pr2 Pr2 Pr1 Pr1 Pr1 Pr2 Pr2 Pr2
iion	P1 – P2 – P3 – P4 – SEt – dtr 0 + 20.0 min (10 sec.) 1 + 99 rtc +in nP; P1; P2; P3; P4 -50 ÷ 50 °C 1 ÷ 120 ore 0 ÷ 255 min rt, it, SEt, DEF 0 + 255 min nP; P1; P2; P3; P4 rE= related to set;	P1 0.0 50 in nP 3 8 20 it 30 P1	Pr2 Pr2 Pr2 Pr2 Pr2 Pr1 Pr1 Pr1 Pr2 Pr2
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iion	1 ÷ 99 rtc ÷in nP; P1; P2; P3; P4 -50 ÷ 50 °C 1 ÷ 120 ore 0 ÷ 255 min rt, it, SEt, DEF 0 ÷ 255 min nP; P1; P2; P3; P4 rE= related to set;	50 in nP 3 8 20 it 30 P1	Pr2 Pr2 Pr2 Pr1 Pr1 Pr1 Pr2 Pr2
ition	rtc ÷in nP; P1; P2; P3; P4 -50 ÷ 50 °C 1 ÷ 120 ore 0 ÷ 255 min rt, it, SEt, DEF 0 ÷ 255 min nP; P1; P2; P3; P4 rE= related to set;	in nP 3 8 20 it 30 P1	Pr2 Pr2 Pr1 Pr1 Pr1 Pr2 Pr2 Pr2
tion	nP; P1; P2; P3; P4 -50 ÷ 50 °C 1 ÷ 120 ore 0 ÷ 255 min rt, it, SEt, DEF 0 ÷ 255 min nP; P1; P2; P3; P4 rE= related to set;	nP 3 8 20 it 30 P1	Pr2 Pr1 Pr1 Pr1 Pr2 Pr2 Pr2
	-50 ÷ 50 °C 1 ÷ 120 ore 0 ÷ 255 min rt, it, SEt, DEF 0 ÷ 255 min nP; P1; P2; P3; P4 rE= related to set;	3 8 20 it 30 P1	Pr1 Pr1 Pr1 Pr2 Pr2 Pr2
	1 ÷ 120 ore 0 ÷ 255 min rt, it, SEt, DEF 0 ÷ 255 min nP; P1; P2; P3; P4 rE= related to set;	8 20 it 30 P1	Pr1 Pr1 Pr2 Pr2 Pr2
	0 ÷ 255 min rt, it, SEt, DEF 0 ÷ 255 min nP; P1; P2; P3; P4 rE= related to set;	20 it 30 P1	Pr1 Pr2 Pr2 Pr2
	rt, it, SEt, DEF 0 ÷ 255 min nP; P1; P2; P3; P4 rE= related to set;	it 30 P1	Pr2 Pr2 Pr2
	0 ÷ 255 min nP; P1; P2; P3; P4 rE= related to set;	30 P1	Pr2 Pr2
	nP; P1; P2; P3; P4 rE= related to set;	P1	Pr2
	rE= related to set;		
		Ab	Pr2
	Ab = absolute		
	Set÷110.0°C; Set÷230°F	110,0	Pr1
	-50.0°C÷Set/ -58°F÷Set	-50,0	Pr1
overy	(0,1°C÷25,5°C) (1°F÷45°F)	2,0	Pr2
	0 ÷ 255 min	15	Pr2
up	0 ÷ 23h e 50'	1,3	Pr2
nser	nP; P1; P2; P3; P4	nΡ	Pr2
	(-55 ÷ 150°C) (-67÷ 302°F)	-40	Pr2
ı	(-55 ÷ 150°C) (-67÷ 302°F)	110	Pr2
covery	[0,1°C ÷ 25,5°C] [1°F ÷ 45°F]	5	Pr2
у		15	Pr2
ırt up		1,3	Pr2
		n	Pr2
er alarm		n	Pr2
			Pr1
1			Pr1
			Pr1
witch			Pr2
			Pr2
larm			Pr2
			Pr2
			rtc
			rtc rtc
			rtc
			rtc
nrkdave			rtc
			rtc
			rtc
,			rtc
22,0			rtc
	0 ÷ 23h 50 min nu 0 ÷ 23h 50 min nu	0.0	
יוופט	overy y rt up er. alarm er alarm	(-55 + 150°C) (-67+ 302°F) (-7) (-7) (-7) (-7) (-7) (-7) (-7) (-7	(-55 + 150°C) (-67+ 302°F) -40 (-55 + 150°C) (-67+ 302°F) 110 (-50 + 100 + 100 + 100 + 100 + 100 (-50 + 100 + 100 + 100 (-50 + 100 + 100 + 100 (-50 + 100 + 100 + 100 (-50 + 100 + 100 + 100 (-50 + 100 + 100 + 100 (-50 + 100 + 100 + 100 (-50 + 100 + 100 + 100 (-50 + 100 + 100 + 100 (-50 + 100 + 100 + 100 (-50 + 100 + 100 (-50 + 100 + 100 + 100 (-50 + 100 + 100 + 100 (-50 + 100 (-50 + 100 (-50 + 100 (-50 + 100 (-50 + 100 (-50 + 100 (-50 + 100 (-50 + 100 (-50 + 100 (-50 + 100

Label	Name	Range	°C/°F	Level
Sd1*	1st holiday defrost start	0 ÷ 23h 50 min nu	6.0	rtc
Sd2*	2 nd holiday defrost start	0 ÷ 23h 50 min nu	13.0	rtc
Sd3*	3rd holiday defrost start	0 ÷ 23h 50 min nu	21.0	rtc
Sd4*	4th holiday defrost start	0 ÷ 23h 50 min nu	0.0	rtc
Sd5*	5th holiday defrost start	0 ÷ 23h 50 min nu	0.0	rtc
Sd6*	6th holiday defrost start	0 ÷ 23h 50 min nu	0.0	rtc
Adr	Serial address	1÷247	1	Pr2
PbC	Kind of probe	Ptc; ntc	ntc	Pr2
onF	on/off key enabling	nu, oFF; ES	oFF	Pr2
dP1	Room probe display		-	Pr2
dP2	Evaporator probe display		-	Pr2
dP3	Third probe display		-	Pr2
rSE	Real set	actual set	-	Pr2
rEL	Software release		1.8	Pr2
Ptb	Map code			Pr2

Dixell S.p.A. Z.I. Via dell'Industria, 27 32010 Pieve d'Alpago (BL) ITALY tel. +39 - 0437 - 98 33 - fax +39 - 0437 - 98 93 13 E-mail: dixell@dixell.com - http://www.dixell.com

^{*} Only for model with real time clock ² Only for XW20LS with X-REP output